



**PLEASE CHECK FOR CHANGE INFORMATION
AT THE REAR OF THIS MANUAL.**

**TM 501
POWER MODULE**

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Tektronix, Inc.
P.O. Box 500
Beaverton, Oregon 97077

070-1304-01
Product Group 75

Serial Number _____

First Printing MAY 1972
Revised MAR 1982

Copyright ©1972, 1980 Tektronix, Inc. All rights reserved.
Contents of this publication may not be reproduced in any
form without the written permission of Tektronix, Inc.

Products of Tektronix, Inc. and its subsidiaries are covered
by U.S. and foreign patents and/or pending patents.

TEKTRONIX, TEK, SCOPE-MOBILE, and  are reg-
istered trademarks of Tektronix, Inc.

Printed in U.S.A. Specification and price change privileges
are reserved.

Copyright © 1972, 1980 durch Tektronix, Inc. Alle Rechte vorbe-
halten. Der Inhalt dieser Publikation darf ohne Genehmigung
von Tektronix, Inc. nicht weitergegeben werden.

Produkte von Tektronix, Inc. und seinen Tochtergesellschaften
sind durch US- und Auslandspatente und/oder schwebende
Patente abgedeckt.

TEKTRONIX, TEK, SCOPE-MOBILE und  sind geschützte
Warenzeichen von Tektronix, Inc.

Gedruckt in U.S.A. Spezifikations- und Preisänderungen
bleiben vorbehalten.

Copyright ©1972, 1980 TEKTRONIX INC. Tous droits réservés.
Le contenu de ce manuel ne peut être reproduit sous quelque for-
me que ce soit sans l'accord de Tektronix Inc.

Tous les produits TEKTRONIX sont brevetés US et Etranger et
les logotypes TEKTRONIX, TEK SCOPE MOBILE,  sont
déposés.

Imprimé aux USA. TEKTRONIX se réserve le droit de modifier :
caractéristiques et prix dans le cadre de développements techno-
logiques.

© 1972, 1980 年版權所有テクトロニクス社。不許複製。

TEKTRONIX、TEK、SCOPE-MOBILE、
はテクトロニクス社の登録商標です。

米国にて印刷。仕様及び価格は予告なく変更する場
合があります。

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
OPERATORS SAFETY SUMMARY	ii
SERVICING SAFETY SUMMARY	iii

OPERATORS PART

Section 1 SPECIFICATION

Introduction	1-1
Electrical Characteristics	1-1
Physical Characteristics	1-3

OPERATORS PART - ENGLISH

Section 2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

General	2-1
Building a System	2-1
Installation and Pre-Turn On Procedure	2-3

OPERATORS PART - FRENCH

CHAPITRE 2 INSTRUCTIONS D'UTILISATION

Généralités	2-1
Conception d'un système	2-1
Installation et procédure de mise en route	2-3

OPERATORS PART - GERMAN

Kapitel 2	BEDIENUNGSANLEITUNG	Seite
	Allgemeines	2-1
	Aufbau eines Meßsystems	2-1
	Einbau und Anleitung vor der Inbetriebnahme	2-3

OPERATORS PART - JAPANESE

目次

第2章 取扱説明	2-1
はじめに	2-1
システム構成	2-2
取付けおよび電源投入の手順	2-3

WARNING

THE FOLLOWING SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS
ARE FOR USE BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY.
TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY, DO NOT
PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT
CONTAINED IN OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS
UNLESS YOU ARE QUALIFIED TO DO SO.

SERVICE PART

Section 3	MAINTENANCE	Page
	General	3-1
	Troubleshooting Aids	3-1
	Troubleshooting Techniques	3-2
	Parts Ordering and Replacing	3-3
	Installation Procedure	3-8

Section 4 OPTIONS

Option 2	4-1
Option 7	4-1

Section 5 REPLACEABLE ELECTRICAL PARTS

Section 6 DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATION

Section 7 REPLACEABLE MECHANICAL PARTS

CHANGE INFORMATION

OPERATORS SAFETY SUMMARY

Terms In This Manual

CAUTION statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to the equipment or other property.

WARNING statements identify conditions or practices that could result in personal injury or loss of life.

Terms As Marked on Equipment

CAUTION indicates a personal injury hazard not immediately accessible as one reads the marking, or a hazard to property including the equipment itself.

DANGER indicates a personal injury hazard immediately accessible as one reads the marking.

Symbols In This Manual



This symbol indicates where applicable cautionary or other information is to be found.

Symbols As Marked on Equipment



DANGER — High voltage.



Protective ground (earth) terminal.



ATTENTION — refer to manual.

Power Source

This product is intended to operate from a power source that will not apply more than 250 volts rms between the supply conductors or between either supply conductor and ground. A protective ground connection by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operation.

Grounding the Product

This product is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cord. To avoid electrical shock, plug the power cord into a properly wired receptacle before connecting to the product input or output terminals. A protective ground connection by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operation.

Danger Arising From Loss of Ground

Upon loss of the protective-ground connection, all accessible conductive parts (including knobs and controls that may appear to be insulating) can render an electric shock.

Use the Proper Power Cord

Use only the power cord and connector specified for your product.

Use only a power cord that is in good condition.

For detailed information on power cords and connectors, see maintenance section.

Refer cord and connector changes to qualified service personnel.

Use the Proper Fuse

To avoid fire hazard, use only the fuse of correct type, voltage rating and current rating as specified in the parts list for your product.

Refer fuse replacement to qualified service personnel.

Do Not Operate in Explosive Atmospheres

To avoid explosion, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere unless it has been specifically certified for such operation.

Do Not Remove Covers or Panels

To avoid personal injury, do not remove the product covers or panels. Do not operate the product without the covers and panels properly installed.

Do Not Operate Without Covers (for TM 500 plug-ins only)

To avoid personal injury, do not operate this product without covers or panels installed. Do not apply power to the plug-in via a plug-in extender.

SERVICE SAFETY SUMMARY

FOR QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY

Refer also to the preceding Operators Safety Summary.

Do Not Service Alone

Do not perform internal service or adjustment of this product unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

Use Care When Servicing With Power On

Dangerous voltages exist at several points in this product. To avoid personal injury, do not touch exposed connections and components while power is on.

Disconnect power before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

Power Source

This product is intended to operate from a power source that will not apply more than 250 volts rms between the supply conductors or between either supply conductor and ground. A protective ground connection by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord is essential for safe operation.

CONSIGNES DE SECURITE

Ce rappel des consignes générales de sécurité s'adresse à la fois aux utilisateurs et au personnel de maintenance. Avertissements et précautions à respecter sont annotés au long de ce manuel à chaque fois que l'utilisation du TM 501 l'exige. Il est à noter que ceux-ci peuvent ne pas figurer dans cette rubrique de rappel.

TERMES

Dans ce manuel

Les paragraphes intitulés **ATTENTION** identifient les circonstances ou opérations pouvant entraîner la détérioration de l'appareil ou de tout autre équipement.

Les paragraphes intitulés **AVERTISSEMENT** indiquent les circonstances dangereuses pour l'utilisateur (danger de mort ou risque de blessure).

Repères gravés sur l'appareil

CAUTION (ATTENTION) : ce mot identifie les zones de risque non immédiatement perceptibles ou un risque éventuel de détérioration de l'appareil.

DANGER (DANGER) : ce mot indique les zones de risque immédiat pouvant entraîner blessures ou mort.

SYMBOLES

Dans ce manuel



Ce symbole signifie «se reporter au manuel».

Gravés sur l'appareil



DANGER — Haute tension



Borne de masse de protection (terre)



ATTENTION — se reporter au manuel

Source d'alimentation

L'appareil est conçu pour fonctionner à partir d'une source d'alimentation maximale de 250 V efficaces entre les conducteurs d'alimentation ou entre chaque conducteur d'alimentation et la terre. Pour utiliser l'appareil en toute sécurité, une connexion à la masse, réalisée au moyen d'un conducteur prévu dans le cordon d'alimentation, est indispensable.

Mise à la masse de l'appareil

Une fois installé dans le châssis d'alimentation, l'appareil est relié à la masse à l'aide d'un conducteur du cordon d'alimentation. Pour éviter tout choc électrique, insérer la prise du cordon d'alimentation dans une prise de distribution correspondante avant de connecter l'entrée ou les sorties de l'appareil. Pour utiliser l'appareil en toute sécurité, une connexion à la masse, réalisée au moyen d'un conducteur prévu dans le cordon d'alimentation, est indispensable.

Danger provoqué par la coupure de connexion de masse

En cas de coupure de la connexion de masse, tous les éléments conducteurs accessibles (y compris boutons et commandes apparaissant isolants) peuvent provoquer un choc électrique.

Utiliser le cordon d'alimentation approprié

N'utiliser que le cordon d'alimentation et la prise recommandés pour votre appareil. Utiliser un cordon d'alimentation en parfait état. Seul, un personnel qualifié peut procéder à un changement de cordon et prises.

Utiliser le fusible approprié

Pour éviter tout risque d'accident (incendie...) n'utiliser que le fusible recommandé pour votre appareil. Le fusible de remplacement doit toujours correspondre au fusible remplacé : même type, même tension et même courant. Un remplacement de fusible ne doit être effectué que par un personnel qualifié.

Ne pas utiliser l'appareil en atmosphère explosive

Pour éviter toute explosion, ne pas utiliser cet appareil dans une atmosphère de gaz explosifs.

Ne pas démonter le capot

Pour éviter toute blessure, ne pas ôter le capot. N'utiliser l'appareil que si celui-ci a été correctement remis en place.

CONSIGNES DE SECURITE

UNIQUEMENT DESTINEES AU PERSONNEL DE MAINTENANCE

Ces consignes s'adressent exclusivement à un personnel qualifié. Il est également indispensable de se reporter aux consignes de sécurité précédentes.

Toute intervention interne ou réglage doit s'effectuer en présence d'une autre personne capable d'assurer les premiers secours en cas de danger.

Agir avec précaution lorsque l'appareil est sous tension

Des potentiels dangereux existent en différents points de l'appareil. Pour éviter toute blessure, ne pas intervenir sur les connexions et les composants alors que l'appareil est sous tension. Débrancher l'alimentation avant le démontage des panneaux, soudure ou remplacement de composants.

Source d'alimentation

Cet appareil est conçu pour fonctionner à partir d'une source d'alimentation qui n'applique pas plus de 250 V efficaces entre les conducteurs d'alimentation ou entre un conducteur et la masse. Pour utiliser l'appareil en toute sécurité, une connexion à la masse réalisée au moyen d'un conducteur prévu dans le cordon d'alimentation est indispensable.

SICHERHEITSANGABEN FÜR DEN ANWENDER

Die allgemeinen Sicherheitsinformationen in diesem Teil der Angaben dienen dem Anwender- und Servicepersonal. Spezielle Warnungen und Hinweise sind überall im Handbuch zu finden, müssen jedoch in diesen Angaben nicht erscheinen.

BEGRIFFE

In diesem Handbuch

VORSICHTSHINWEISE erläutern Bedingungen, die zur Zerstörung des Gerätes oder anderer Gegenstände führen können.

WARNUNGSHINWEISE erläutern Bedingungen, die zu Personenschäden führen können oder lebensgefährlich sind.

Markierungen auf dem Gerät

CAUTION – VORSICHT weist darauf hin, daß durch zufälliges Berühren an einer nicht unmittelbar zugänglichen Stelle Personenschaden entstehen kann, oder Schaden am Gerät selbst.

DANGER – GEFAHR weist darauf hin, daß durch zufälliges Berühren an einer zugänglichen Stelle Personenschaden entstehen kann.

SYMBOLE

In diesem Handbuch



Dieses Symbol zeigt an, wo Vorsicht walten zu lassen ist, oder wo Informationen zu finden sind.

Markierungen auf dem Gerät



GEFAHR – Hochspannung.



Schutzerdungskontakt.



ACHTUNG – beziehen Sie sich auf das Handbuch.

Netzspannungsversorgung

Die Betriebsspannung für dieses Gerät darf 250 V_{eff} nicht überschreiten und ist an die Versorgungsleitungen bzw. an eine Versorgungsleitung und Masse anzulegen. Innerhalb des Netzansteckkabels muß ein Schutzleiter vorhanden sein, der mit Gerätemasse verbunden ist.

Masseanschluß des Gerätes

Dieses Gerät wird über den Schutzleiter der Versorgungseinheit mit Erdpotential verbunden. Zur Vermeidung von elektrischen Schlägen ist vor der Beschaltung der Ein- und Ausgänge der Netzstecker in eine korrekt verdrahtete Steckdose einzustecken. Verwenden Sie den Schutzleiter nicht als einzige Verbindung zwischen zwei oder mehreren Geräten. Zur Vermeidung von elektrischen Schlägen sind die Geräte untereinander mit separaten Leitungen zu verbinden.

Gefahr durch fehlende Schutz Erde

Durch eine fehlende Schutz Erde, können alle berührbaren, leitenden Teile (einschließlich Knöpfe und andere Bedienungselemente, die isoliert sind) einen elektrischen Schlag bei der Berührung auslösen.

Verwendung eines richtigen Netzkabels

Verwenden Sie nur Netzkabel, die für die Versorgungseinheit geeignet sind und die sich in gutem Zustand befinden.

Für detaillierte Informationen über Kabel und Stecker beziehen Sie sich bitte auf Abbildungen innerhalb des Handbuches.

Ein Austausch von Kabeln und Steckern ist nur von geschultem Personal vorzunehmen.

Verwendung einer richtigen Sicherung

Zur Vermeidung von Brandschäden sind nur Sicherungen zu verwenden, die in den Teilelisten dieses Gerätes aufgeführt sind und die in Spannungs- und Stromwert entsprechend sind.

Ersatz von Sicherungen ist nur von geschultem Personal vorzunehmen.

Arbeiten Sie nicht in explosiver Umgebung

Zur Vermeidung von Explosionen ist die Inbetriebnahme dieses Gerätes in explosiver Umgebung zu unterlassen, wenn das Gerät nicht dafür geeignet ist.

Entfernen Sie keine Gehäuseabdeckungen

Zur Vermeidung von Personenschäden sind keine Gehäuseteile zu entfernen. Auch ist das Gerät ohne Gehäuse nicht in Betrieb zu nehmen.

SICHERHEITSANGABEN FÜR DEN SERVICE

NUR FÜR GESCHULTES PERSONAL

Beziehen Sie sich auch auf die vorangehenden Sicherheitsangaben für den Anwender.

Führen Sie keine Servicetätigkeiten alleine durch

Nehmen Sie an dem Gerät keine Service- oder Einstellarbeiten vor, wenn nicht eine andere Person verfügbar ist, um im Bedarfsfall Erste Hilfe oder Wiederbelebungsversuche zu leisten.

Lassen Sie besondere Vorsicht walten, wenn Sie an einem unter Spannung stehenden Gerät arbeiten

An verschiedenen Stellen im Gerät liegen hohe und damit gefährliche Spannungen. Zur Vermeidung von Personen-

schäden sind solche Stellen und Bauteile nicht zu berühren, während Betriebsspannung anliegt.

Vor dem Entfernen von Gehäuseteilen, Löten oder Ersetzen von Bauteilen ist immer die Betriebsspannung zu entfernen.

Netzspannungsversorgung

Die Betriebsspannung für dieses Gerät darf $250 V_{\text{eff}}$ nicht überschreiten und ist an die Versorgungsleitungen bzw. an eine Versorgungsleitung und Masse anzulegen. Innerhalb des Netzanschlußkabels muß ein Schutzleiter vorhanden sein, der mit Gerätemasse verbunden ist.

ご使用の前に

この章では操作する方およびサービス・エンジニアの方に安全にお取扱いいただくための注意事項が述べられています。

用語

マニュアル中の用語

注意の項は本機器または他の接続機器に損傷を及ぼす恐れのある場合の注意です。

警告の項は人体に損傷を与えたり生命に危険を及ぼす恐れのある場合の注意です。

機器上に記されている用語

CAUTIONは人体および本機器または周辺機器に損傷を及ぼす恐れがある部分を示しています。

DANGERは人体に損傷を及ぼしたり生命に危険を与える恐れがある部分を示しています。

記号

この取扱説明書に出てくる記号



このマークは適切な注意、または他の項目を参照する必要がある場合を指示しています。

機器に記された記号



危険——高電圧



保護用接地ターミナル



注意——取扱説明書参照

電源

本器は電源コードの線間、あるいは電源コードとグラウンド間が250Vrms以内の範囲の電源で作動します。安全のために電源コードのアース線で接地して下さい。

機器の接地

本機器は電源コードのアース線で接地されます。電氣的ショックを避けるために、電源コードをコンセントに差し込んでから、機器の入、出力端子への接続を行って下さい。電源コード中のアース線は必ず接地して下さい。

電源本体の接地

電氣的ショックを防止するため、電源本体は確実に接地して下さい。接地が行われていないと、導体の部品（絶縁処理されたノブおよびコントロールつまみを含む。）により電氣的ショックを受けることもあります。

電源コード

電源コードとコネクタは機器に適合するものをお使い下さい。

電源コードに損傷がないことをお確かめ下さい。

電源コードとコネクタに関する詳細は本体取扱説明書をご参照下さい。

電源コードとコネクタの交換については当社エンジニアにおたずね下さい。

ヒューズ

危険防止のため、マニュアルに記載されている仕様に適合するヒューズをご使用下さい。

ヒューズの交換に関する詳細は、当社フィールド・エンジニアにおたずね下さい。

爆発防止

危険防止のため、爆発性のガスが周囲にあるような所では作動させないで下さい。

カバー、パネルについて

プラグインのカバーやパネルを取りはずしたまま作動させないで下さい。

サービス上の注意

サービス・エンジニアの方へ

“操作上の注意”を先にお読み下さい。

1人でサービスを行わないで下さい。

機器の内部点検または修理は、万一の場合に備えて応急処置のできる人がいる所で行って下さい。

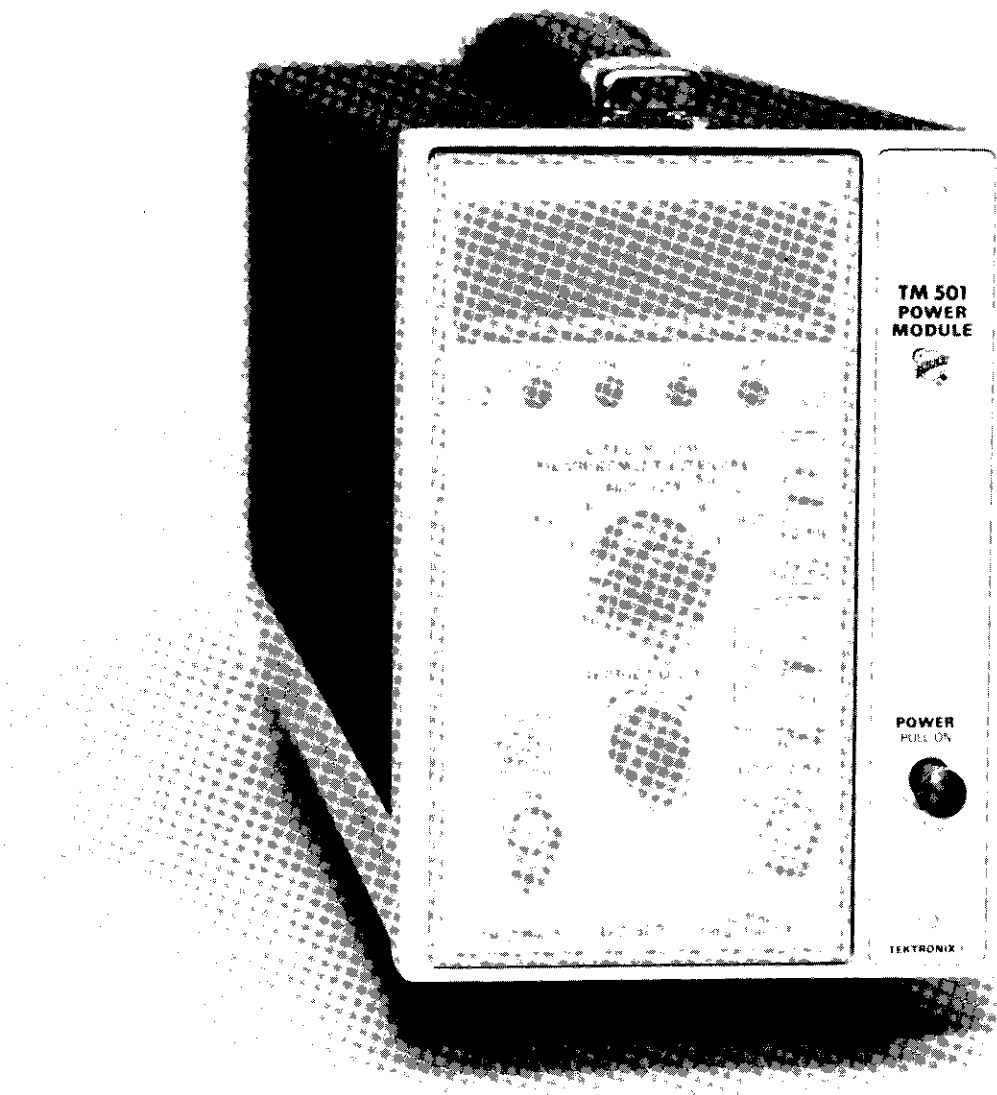
電源を入れた場合の注意

機器内部には高電圧の部分があります。人体への危険を防止するため、電源がはいっている時は、露出している接続部分や部品には手を触れないで下さい。

ハネルの取りはずし、ハンダ付、部品の交換を行う前には、電源を必ず切ってください。

電源

TM501型は電源コードの線間あるいは電源コードとグラウンド間が250Vrms以内の範囲の電源で作動します。安全のために電源コードのアース線できちんと接地して下さい。



1304-01

TM 501 Power Module.

SPECIFICATION

INTRODUCTION

Description

The TM 501 is a single compartment module compatible with all TM 500 plug-ins. It provides unregulated dc and ac supplies and non-dedicated power transistors for plug-in usage. Option 2 rear interface allows interconnection of special features with external devices through the back panel.

Performance Conditions

The values listed below are valid only when the instrument is operated at an ambient temperature between 0°C and 50°C.

Table 1-1
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Performance Requirements	Supplemental Information
SUPPLIES		
+33.5 Vdc		
Tolerance ^a		+23.7 V to +40.0 V
PARD (Periodic and Random Deviation)		≤2.5 Vpp
Maximum load		350 mA
Maximum load di/dt		10 mA/μs
−33.5 Vdc		
Tolerance ^a		−23.7 V to −40.0 V
PARD		≤2.5 Vpp
Maximum load		350 mA
Maximum load di/dt		10 mA/μs
+11.5 Vdc		
Tolerance ^a		+7.6 V to +16.0 V
PARD		≤2.5 Vpp
Maximum load		1.3 A
Maximum load di/dt		20 mA/μs
25 Vac (2 each)		
Range		25.0 Vrms +10%, −15% floating
Maximum load		25 VAC
Maximum floating voltage		350 V peak

Table 1-1 (cont)

Characteristics	Performance Requirements	Supplemental Information
17.5 Vac ^b		
Range		With a grounded center tap 20.5 Vrms +10%, -20%
Maximum load		30 VA
Maximum plug-in power drawn from mainframe ^c		35 Wdc or 75 VAac
Combined power drawn sharing limitation ^c		VAac + 2.1 (Wdc) ≤ VAac
Fuse data		
+33.5 Vdc		2.5 A, 3 AG, fast blow
-33.5 Vdc		2.5 A, 3 AG, fast blow
+11.5 Vdc		7.5 A, 3 AG, fast blow

SERIES PASS TRANSISTORS

Type		One each NPN or PNP
Maximum dissipation		7.5 W each, 15 W total

SOURCE POWER REQUIREMENTS

Voltage ranges		Selectable 100 V, 110 V, 120 V, 200 V, 220 V, and 240 V nominal line ±10%
Line frequency		48 Hz to 440 Hz
Max power consumption		Approximately 120 W
Fuse data		
100 V, 110 V, 120 V ranges		0.6A slow blow
200 V, 220 V, 240 V ranges		0.3A med blow

MISCELLANEOUS

Maximum recommended plug-in power dissipation		10 to 15 W
---	--	------------

^a Worst case; low line-full load and high line-no load values including PARD.

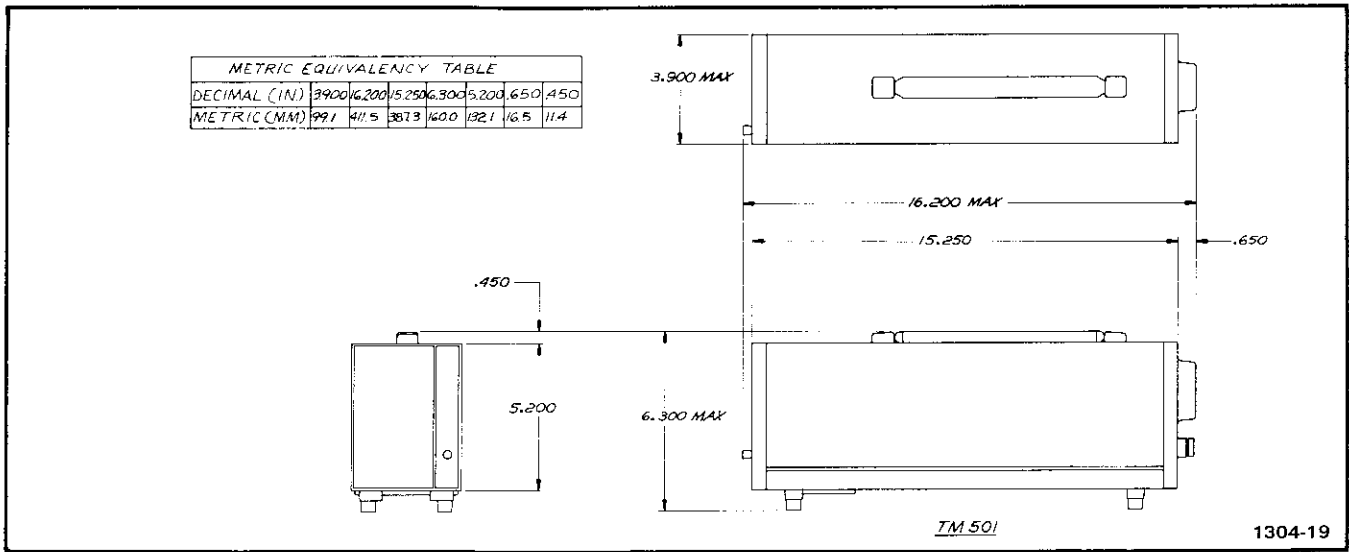
^b Floating in high-power compartment, 350 V peak.

^c At nominal line voltage.

Table 1-2
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Supplemental Information
ENVIRONMENTAL^a	
Overall	Meets or exceeds MIL-T-28800B, class 5 requirements with exception for vibration, shock, and EMC.
Temperature	
Operating	0° C to +50° C
Non-operating	−40° C to +75° C
Humidity	90-95% RH for 5 days cycled to +50° C.
Altitude	
Operating	4.6 km (15,000 ft)
Non-operating	15 km (50,000 ft)
Vibration	0.26 mm (0.010"), 10 Hz to 55 Hz, 75 minutes.
Shock	20 g's (1/2 sine), 11 ms, 18 shocks
Bench handling	45°, 4", or equilibrium whichever occurs first
Transportation	Qualified under National Safe Transit Association Preshipment Test Procedures 1A-B-1 and 1A-B-2.
MECHANICAL	
Net weight	6.0 lbs (4.3 kg)
Overall dimensions	6.0 in (15.2 cm)H, 3.9 in (9.9 cm)W, 15.3 in (38.9 cm)L

^a With plug-ins. Some plug-ins require additional limitations.



OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL

Installation

For full installation instructions refer to the procedure at the end of this section.

Power Source

The TM 501 is designed to operate from a power source with its neutral at or near earth (ground) potential with a separate safety-earth conductor. It is not intended for operation from two phases of a multi-phase system.

Power Usage

The TM 501 may require up to 30 watts at the upper limits of high line voltage ranges. Actual power consumption depends on the particular plug-in and operating mode selected.

Loading Considerations. The power capability of the TM 501 can best be used by carefully planning the plug-in configuration, the external loads, and the resulting power distributions. Optimum conditions may be obtained by:

1. Dissipating as much power as possible in the external loads.
2. Operating the system in an ambient temperature near 25°C.

The plug-in is provided access to a pair of heat-sinked, series-pass transistors, one NPN and the other PNP. These transistors enable the plug-in to operate in power ranges not possible if the power were to be dissipated in the plug-in.

Operating Temperatures

The TM 501 can be operated in an ambient air temperature of 0°C to 50°C.

Since the TM 501 can be stored in temperatures between -40°C and +75°C, allow the instrument's chassis to return to within the operating limits before applying power.

Module Installation

CAUTION

Turn the Power Module off before inserting the plug-in; otherwise damage may occur to the plug-in circuitry.

1. Check the location of the white plastic barrier keys on the TM 501 interconnecting jack to ensure that their locations match the slots in the edge of the plug-in module's circuit board.

2. Align the plug-in module chassis with the upper and lower guides of the selected compartment. Push the module in and press firmly to seat the circuit board in the interconnecting jack. (Remove the plug-in module by pulling on the white release latch in the lower left corner of each module.)

Turn-on Procedure

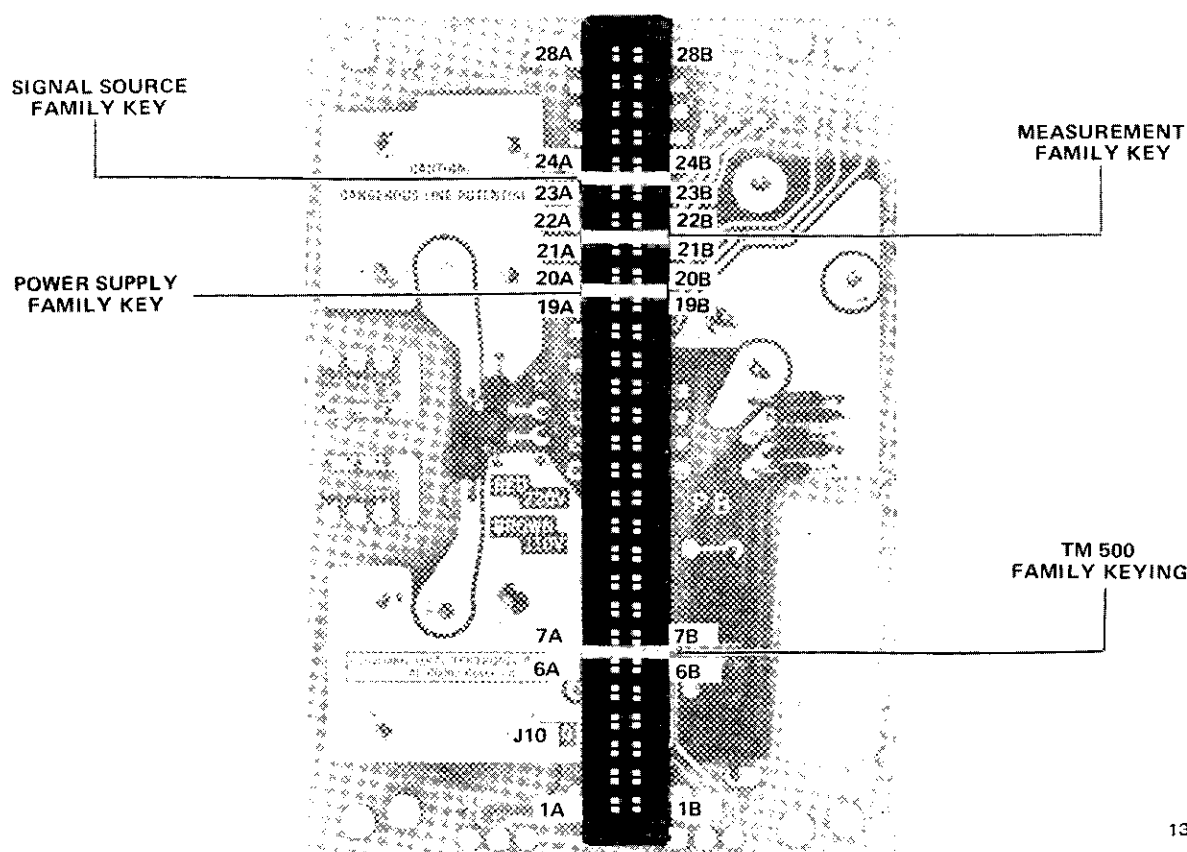
After completing the installation procedure, found at the end of this section, and installing the plug-in, pull the POWER switch on the right side of the TM 501. Some plug-ins have independent power switches, usually labeled OUTPUT, controlling application of mainframe power to the plug-in. Press this button to activate the plug-in.

BUILDING A SYSTEM

Family Compatibility

Mechanically, the plug-in modules are very similar to other Tektronix product families. However, they are not electrically compatible. Therefore, the TM 501 interface has barriers on the mating connectors between pins 6 and 7 to ensure that incompatible modules cannot be inserted. See Fig. 2-1. A compatible module will have a matching slot between pins 6 and 7 of its main circuit board edge connector. This slot and barrier combination is the primary keying assignment.

TM 500-compatible plug-in modules are also identified by the white color of the release latch.



1304-15

Fig. 2-1. Keying assignments for family functions. One of many possible sequence combinations.

Customizing the Interface

The modularity of this instrumentation system provides for many different functions to be performed by the plug-in modules. Specific functions are grouped into families or classes, of which there may be several plug-in module members. For instance, some classes are Power Supplies, Signal Sources, Measurement, and so forth. Each modular member of a functional family will have a second slot peculiar to its family assignment located in its edge connector. The TM 501 user can "program" the Power Module to accept only members of that family by installing a second barrier in the interface connector to match the module's slot location. For extra barriers, order Tektronix Part No. 214-1593-02.

Jumper wires can be used to further specialize the interface. Compartments can be made to "talk" to each other by connecting jumpers on the back side of the interface board, using pins 14 through 28 (A-side and B-side both) of the interconnecting jacks. See the following description of Option 2. Refer to each plug-in module's Manual for the I/O assignments of each pin at the rear interface. Once having made interconnections of a specialized nature, it is recommended that barriers be installed on the interconnecting jacks to ensure module compatibility with the customized wiring.

Rear Panel

The rear subpanel has a connector mounting plate for BNC and multi-pin connector mountings. Customer or factory-installed connectors and wiring (see following description of Option 2) could provide external access to the interface for external I/O control. This feature makes the TM 500 Series Modular Instrumentation System very flexible in bench-top or rackmounted systems.

Option 2. This factory-installed option adds 25-mil square-pin connectors to the rear of the interconnecting jacks at all pin locations from pins 14A and B through pins 28A and B. This will keep the interface flexible by making it easy and fast to change customized wiring using prepared wires with square-pin receptacles and long-nose pliers or tweezers. It also protects the circuit board from damage by repeated soldering and unsoldering of jumper wires. This option also adds six BNC connectors and one 50-pin connector to the rear panel. These connectors are not pre-wired. Instead, prepared jumpers, coaxial cables, and interconnection jack barriers are included in a kit. This gives a system designer as much flexibility as possible.

INSTALLATION AND PRE-TURN ON PROCEDURE

Check the rear panel markings. If the factory settings are compatible with the available line voltage and frequen-

cy, insert the desired plug-ins. If a change is needed, refer a qualified service person to the procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual.

INSTRUCTIONS D'UTILISATION

GENERALITES

Installation

Les instructions complètes d'installation figurent à la fin de ce chapitre.

Source d'alimentation

Le TM 501 est conçu pour fonctionner à partir d'une source d'alimentation dont le neutre se trouve au potentiel de la terre ou en est très peu différent, avec un conducteur de protection mis à la terre et séparé. Il n'a pas été prévu pour fonctionner entre deux phases d'un réseau multiphasé.

Consommation

Le module TM 501 peut nécessiter jusqu'à 30 W dans la gamme supérieure de la tension réseau. La consommation effective est fonction du tiroir et du mode d'utilisation sélectionnés.

Considérations de charge. Afin d'employer au mieux la capacité de puissance du TM 501, il faut sélectionner le tiroir approprié, déterminer soigneusement les charges externes ainsi que les consommations respectives qui en résultent. Une utilisation optimale consiste :

1. à consommer le maximum de puissance dans les charges extérieures,
2. à utiliser l'ensemble à une température ambiante d'environ 25°C.

Le TM 501 alimente le tiroir par l'intermédiaire d'une paire de transistors (un NPN et un PNP), montés sur châssis servant de radiateur. Ces transistors permettent au tiroir de fonctionner selon la tension d'alimentation qui lui est nécessaire, sans dissiper de puissance dans le tiroir lui-même.

Températures de fonctionnement

Le TM 501 peut être utilisé dans une plage de température ambiante comprise entre 0°C et 50°C.

Bien que le TM 501 puisse être stocké à une température comprise entre -40°C et +75°C, il est nécessaire de laisser au châssis le temps d'atteindre la température normale d'utilisation avant de mettre l'appareil sous tension.

Installation du module

ATTENTION

Couper l'alimentation du TM 501 avant l'insertion ou le retrait du tiroir, afin d'éviter toute détérioration des circuits.

1. Vérifier que les détrompeurs en plastique, situés sur le connecteur du TM 501, correspondent aux encoches du circuit imprimé du tiroir utilisé.

2. Aligner les rainures supérieure et inférieure du tiroir avec les guides du compartiment. Insérer le tiroir et le pousser à fond pour que le circuit imprimé se place correctement (pour extraire le tiroir, tirer sur la tirette de verrouillage située au coin inférieur gauche du module).

Mise en service

Après avoir terminé les opérations de mise en service (informations détaillées à la fin de ce chapitre) et installé le tiroir, tirer le commutateur POWER, situé sur le côté droit du TM 501. Certains tiroirs sont munis de commutateurs d'alimentation indépendants, généralement dénommés OUTPUT. Ceux-ci transmettent les alimentations du châssis d'alimentation vers le tiroir. Appuyer sur ce bouton pour mettre le tiroir en service.

CONCEPTION D'UN SYSTEME

Compatibilité

Mécaniquement, les tiroirs modulaires de la série TM 500 sont très similaires aux autres familles de produits Tektronix. Cependant, l'interface du TM 501 est muni de détrompeurs situés sur le connecteur correspondant entre les broches 6 et 7. Cette conception empêche l'insertion de tout tiroir qui ne serait pas compatible (voir Fig. 2-1). Un tiroir compatible doit posséder une encoche correspondante entre les broches 6 et 7 sur le connecteur de son circuit imprimé principal. L'association d'une encoche et de son détrompeur permet l'identification de la fonction.

La couleur blanche de la tirette de sécurité constitue un autre moyen d'identifier la compatibilité des tiroirs de la série TM 500.

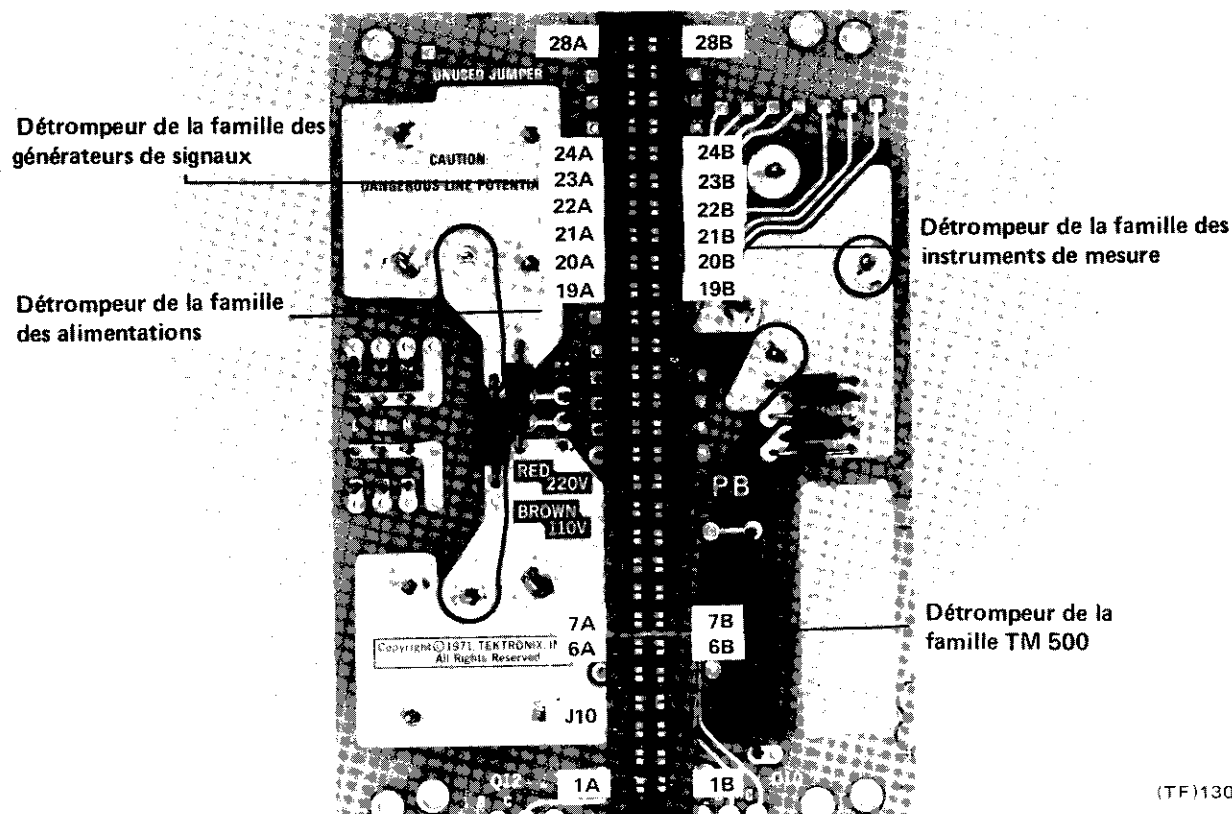


Fig. 2-1. Identification des fonctions par famille. Un exemple des nombreuses combinaisons possibles.

Conception de l'interface selon les besoins spécifiques du client

La modularité de ce système permet de réaliser une multitude de fonctions à l'aide des tiroirs. Des fonctions spécifiques sont regroupées par familles ou catégories, chacune de ces familles pouvant comprendre plusieurs tiroirs, par exemple, les familles d'alimentations, de générateurs de signaux, d'instruments de mesures, etc... Chaque tiroir modulaire, membre d'une famille réalisant la même fonction, possède une seconde encoche assignée à cette famille et située sur le connecteur. L'utilisateur du TM 501 peut donc programmer le module d'alimentation pour que celui-ci n'accepte que les membres d'une même famille. Pour cela, il suffit d'installer un second détrompeur sur le connecteur d'interface en face de l'encoche correspondante. Pour se procurer des détrompeurs supplémentaires, passer commande de la référence Tektronix 214-1593-02.

Des cavaliers câblés peuvent spécialiser l'interface. Des compartiments peuvent ainsi «se parler» en connectant des cavaliers du côté arrière de la carte d'interface par l'intermédiaire des broches d'interconnexion 14 à 28 (côtés A et B ensemble). Pour de plus amples informations, se reporter à la description de l'option 02. Se reporter également au manuel d'instructions du module concerné afin de connaître l'assignation de chaque broche I/O (entrée/sortie) placée sur

l'interface arrière. Après avoir réalisé les interconnexions pour une utilisation spécialisée, il est recommandé d'installer les détrompeurs de telle sorte qu'ils garantissent la compatibilité du module avec le câblage effectué.

Panneau arrière

Le panneau arrière est perforé afin de recevoir des prises BNC et un connecteur multi-broches. Les connecteurs et le câblage, montés en usine ou installés par l'utilisateur (se reporter à la description de l'option 02) donnent accès aux entrées/sorties externes par l'intermédiaire de l'interface. Cette caractéristique confère aux systèmes de mesures de la série modulaire TM 500 une grande souplesse d'emploi qu'il s'agisse de systèmes en coffret ou en baie.

Option 02. Cette option, installée en usine, consiste à adjoindre des connecteurs à broches carrées sur l'arrière de l'interface. Ils sont montés sur les emplacements des broches 14A et B à 28A et B. Cette souplesse d'utilisation de l'interface favorise la modification rapide et aisée du câblage pour une utilisation propre aux besoins du client. On utilise alors des câbles préparés et munis de prises femelles pour broches carrées et de pinces à longs crochets. Ce système protège également le circuit imprimé des détériorations pou-

vant provenir des soudures et dessoudures répétées. Cette option comprend un connecteur BNC et un connecteur à 50 broches sur le panneau arrière. Ces connecteurs ne sont pas précâblés afin que l'utilisateur puisse concevoir son système avec souplesse. Par contre, cavaliers précâblés, câbles coaxiaux et détrompeurs sont inclus dans un kit global.

INSTALLATION ET PROCEDURE DE MISE EN ROUTE

Vérifier les repères du panneau arrière. Si les montages effectués en usine sont compatibles avec la tension réseau et la fréquence disponibles, insérer les tiroirs souhaités. Si une modification est nécessaire, faire appel à un personnel qualifié et se reporter à la méthode figurant au chapitre «Maintenance» du manuel en Anglais.

BEDIENUNGSANLEITUNG

ALLGEMEINES

Einbau

Die gesamten Einbauanweisungen finden Sie am Ende dieses Kapitels.

Netzspannung

Die Versorgungseinheit TM 501 muß an ein Lichtnetz mit neutralem oder geerdetem separatem Nulleiter angeschlossen werden. Sie ist nicht für den Anschluß an Zwei- oder Mehrphasennetze geeignet.

Leistungsaufnahme

Mit 1 Einschub nimmt die Versorgungseinheit TM 501 bis zu 30 Watt an einem 220 V Netz auf. Die tatsächliche Leistungsaufnahme hängt von dem einzelnen Einschub und dessen momentaner Betriebsart ab.

Belastungsmöglichkeiten. Der optimale Leistungsverbrauch der Versorgungseinheit TM 501 kann durch Planung der Einschubzusammensetzung, der externen Lasten und der resultierenden Verlustwärme bestimmt werden. Optimale Bedingungen werden erhalten durch:

1. Verbrauch von soviel Leistung wie möglich in den externen Lasten.
2. Betrieb des Systems in einer Umgebungstemperatur von etwa 25°C.

Der Einschub hat Zugriff zu einem, auf einem Kühlblech montierten Leistungstransistorpaar (als Längstransistoren arbeitend). Diese Transistoren, je ein NPN- und PNP-Typ, ermöglichen dem Einschub in Leistungsbereichen zu arbeiten, die nicht erreichbar wären, würde die Verlustleistung innerhalb des Einschubs abfallen.

Betriebstemperaturen

Die TM 501 kann in einem Umgebungstemperaturbereich von 0°C bis 50°C arbeiten.

Die Lagerung des TM 501 kann in einem Temperaturbereich von -40°C bis +75°C erfolgen. Die Inbetriebnahme hat jedoch in den vorgeschriebenen Temperaturgrenzen zu erfolgen.

Für die Inbetriebnahme der TM 504 Versorgungseinheit ist es nicht zwingend, alle Einschubfächer zu bestücken, es sind nur die Einschübe einzubauen, die für die Anwendung erforderlich sind.

Einschubeinbau



Die Versorgungseinheit TM 501 sollte vor Einfügen oder Herausnahme des Einschubs ausgeschaltet werden, da Funkenbildung entstehen und die Schaltkreise beschädigen könnte.

1. Überprüfen Sie, ob der Plastiksteg in der rückwärtigen Buchsenleiste der TM 501 Versorgungseinheit so positioniert ist, daß er mit der Aussparung in der Steckerleiste der Einschübe übereinstimmt.

2. Setzen Sie den Einschub in die obere und untere Führung der Versorgungseinheit und schieben Sie ihn bis er in der hinteren Buchsenleiste einrastet. (Entfernen Sie den Einschub durch Ziehen an der weißen Entriegelungsklinke in der linken unteren Ecke jedes Frontpaneels.)

Einschaltvorgang

Zum Einschalten ist der Netzschalter der Versorgungseinheit TM 501 zu ziehen. Einige Einschübe verfügen über einen Schalter, der nach dem Einschalten der TM 501 Versorgungseinheit zu betätigen ist.

AUFBAU EINES MESSSYSTEMS

Kompatibilität

Mechanisch sind die Einschübe anderen Tektronix-Produkten sehr ähnlich, jedoch elektrisch nicht kompatibel. Aus diesem Grund besitzt die TM 501 in den Buchsenleisten zwischen den Stiften 6 und 7 Sperriegel, wodurch das Einsetzen eines falschen Einschubes verhindert wird. Siehe Abb. 2-1.

Ein kompatibler Einschub verfügt in seiner Steckerleiste zwischen den Stiften 6 und 7 über eine Aussparung. Diese Kombination von Riegel und Aussparung ist die grundsätzliche Verschlüsselung zwischen Einschüben und Versorgungseinheiten.

Darüber hinaus sind die kompatiblen TM 500-Einschübe durch einen weißen Entriegelungshebel zum Herausnehmen gekennzeichnet.

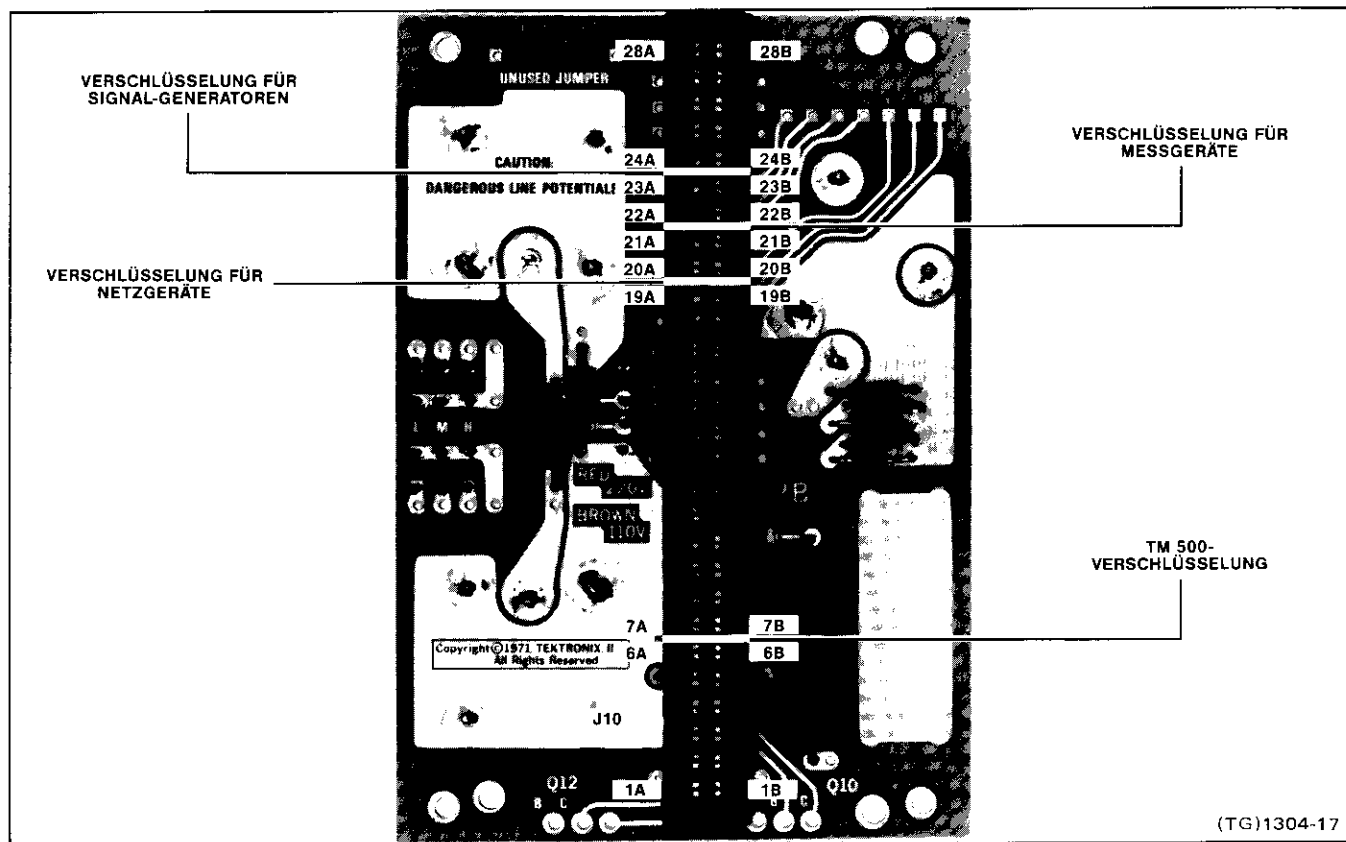


Abb. 2-1. Verschlüsselungsangaben für die Familien-Funktionen. Eine von vielen möglichen Kombinationen.

Anwenderbezogenes Interface

Durch die Modularität dieses Gerätesystems ergibt sich je nach Kombination eine vielseitige Funktionserfüllung. Die speziellen Funktionen sind in Familien bzw. Klassen zusammengefaßt, denen verschiedene Einschübe zugeordnet sind, z.B. Netzteile, Signalgeneratoren und Meßgeräte. Jeder Einschub verfügt daher je nach Familienzugehörigkeit über eine weitere Aussparung in seiner hinteren Steckeranschlußleiste, die ihn klassifiziert. Dem Anwender wird hierdurch ermöglicht, durch Einbau von weiteren Isolierstegen seine Versorgungseinheit so zu programmieren, daß die Einschubfächer nur Einschübe mit bestimmten Funktionen aufnehmen. Zusätzliche Isolierstege haben die Tektronix Bestell-Nr. 214-1593-02.

Zur weiteren Spezialisierung des Interface sind Drahtbrücken zu verwenden, die eine Kommunikation der einzelnen Einschubfächer untereinander gestatten. Hierzu sind die Stifte 14 bis 28 der A- und B-Seiten zu verwenden. Eine Beschreibung hiervon ist unter Option 2 dieses Handbuches zu entnehmen. Darüber hinaus ist in jeder Einschubbeschreibung die Stiftbelegung der Steckerleiste zu beachten. Sind solche Zwischenverbindungen hergestellt, so ist es zwingend, auch Isolierstege einzubauen, die die Kompatibilität in der Verdrahtung sicherstellen.

Rückseite

Auf der Rückseite der Versorgungseinheit TM 501 ist zum Einbau von BNC- und Mehrfachsteckern eine Montageplatte vorgesehen. Ein werkseitig oder vom Anwender vorgenommener Einbau und Anschluß von Steckerverbindungen (Beschreibung siehe unter Option 2) ermöglicht über das Interface, durch Zugriff von außen an das Interface, eine externe I/O-Steuerung. Durch diese Möglichkeit wird aus der TM 500-Serie ein sehr flexibles modulares Instrumentensystem.

Option 2. Mit dieser werkseitig installierten Option verfügt die Versorgungseinheit TM 501 über 25polige Steckerverbindungen mit quadratischen Stiften, die mit den Stiften 14A und B bis 28A und B der rückseitigen Stecker Verbindung der TM 501 verbunden sind. Hierdurch wird das Interface flexibel, da mit speziellen Verbindungsschnüren eine anwenderbezogene Verdrahtung schnell hergestellt werden kann, ohne daß auf der Platine nachträgliche Lötarbeiten durchgeführt werden müssen.

Darüber hinaus beinhaltet die Option noch BNC- und einen 50poligen Stecker auf der Geräte-Rückseite. Diese Stecker sind nicht verdrahtet, um dem Anwender individuelle Möglichkeiten zu bieten. Ein mitgelieferter Kit verfügt über Stecker, Koaxialkabel und Isolierstege.

EINBAU UND ANLEITUNG VOR DER INBETRIEBNAHME

Beachten Sie die Angaben auf der Rückseite. Stimmt die werkseitig erfolgte Einstellung der Betriebsspannung

und Frequenz mit der vorhandenen überein, setzen Sie den Stecker ein. Ist eine Änderung nötig, sollte sich ein qualifizierter Techniker auf die entsprechende Anleitung in diesem Manual beziehen.

TM501型 取扱説明

はじめに

取付け

取付け手順に関しては本章の最後の部分に述べられています。

電 源

TM501型アース電位の中性点を持った電源で使用するよう設計されています。多相システムの2相または単相3線システムの2線で動作させることはできません。

負荷について

TM501型は、高電源電圧レンジに設定した場合に35Wまでの電力を必要とします。実際の消費電力はプラグインの種類によって異なります。

電力は外部負荷、プラグインの消費電力に注意して効率よくご使用下さい。

TM501型は、プラグインに対してシャーンで放熱されるNPN、PNPの各1個ずつのシリーズ・トランジスタにより電力を供給しています。

消費電力

TM501型は高い方の動作電圧で最高35Wの電力を必要とします。実際の消費電力はプラグインの種類や動作状態によって変わります。

動作温度

TM501型は0～50℃の周囲温度で動作することができます。TM501型を所定の温度範囲内で格納したあと、ご使用になるには、機器のシャーンが動作温度範囲内に戻ってから電源を投入して下さい。

電源投入

注 意

本体の電源スイッチを必ず切ってからプラグインを抜き差しして下さい。電源を入れたままプラグインを抜き差ししますとプラグインの回路を破損する恐れがあります。

プラグインの取付け

1. TM501型のコネクタ内にはいつているプラスチックの位置決めスペーサとプラグインのエッジ・コネクタのカット部分が一致していることを確認します。
2. TM501型のプラグイン・ホールの上下のガイドに沿ってプラグインを差し込み、さらにコネクタにプラグインのエッジ・コネクタがしっかりと固定されるまで押して下さい。プラグインを取りはずす場合には、左下隅にあるつまみを引っ張りそのまま引き抜きます。

電源投入方法

この章の最後の項を実行した後TM501型の右側のPULL ON POWERボタンを引き出します。プラグインの中には独立した電源スイッチを持っているものもあり、通常OUTPUTと前面パネルに書かれています。プラグインを動作させるにはこのボタンを押します。

システム構成

互換性

当社のプラグインは外観上、他のシリーズのプラグインと類似しています。しかし電気的には互換性がありません。他のシリーズのプラグインと組み合わせができないよう、**TM501型**のインターフェイス・コネクタのピン6と7に位置決めスペーサがはいています。(1図参照)**TM500**シリーズのプラグインはメインのプリント基板上のピン6と7の部分がカットされています。このスペーサとカット部分が一致していることを確認します。

TM500シリーズのプラグインの正面左下隅のレリーズ・ラッチの色は白ですので、他のシリーズのプラグインと簡単に識別できます。

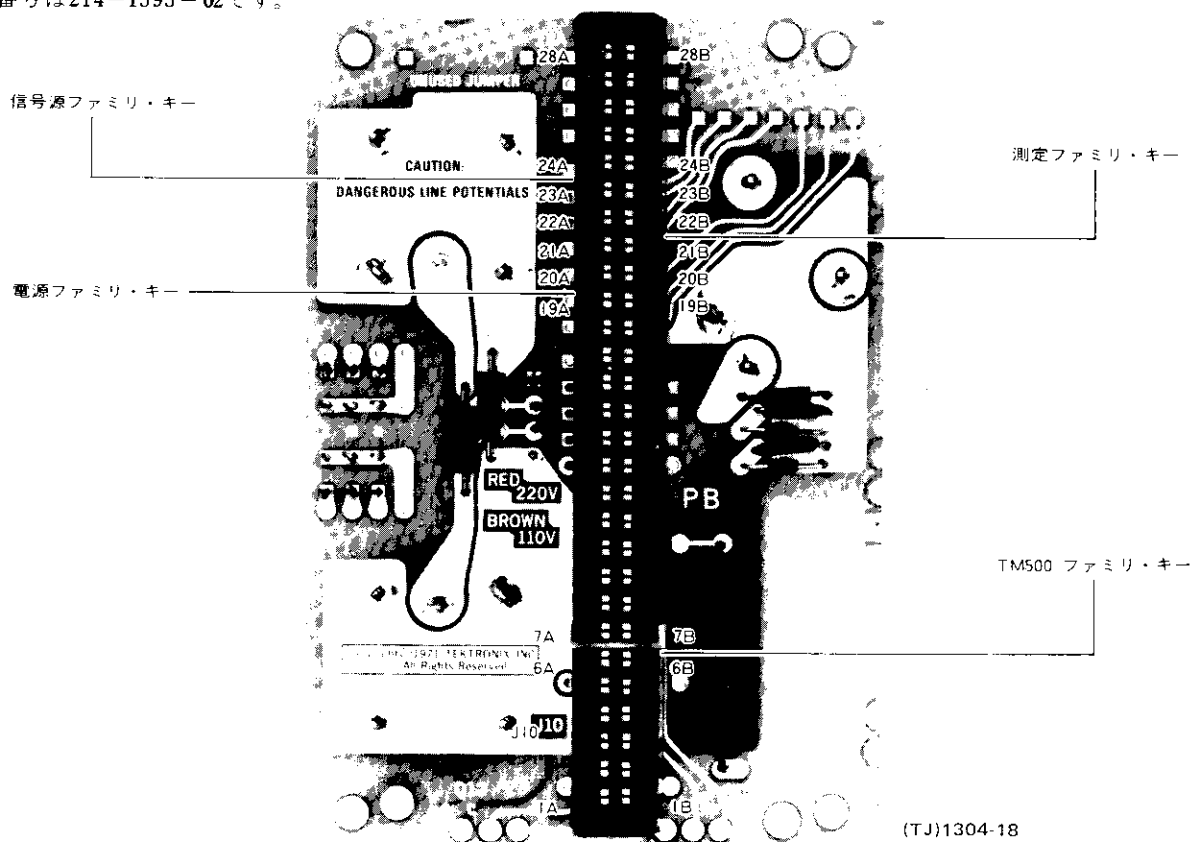
インターフェイス

TM500シリーズはプラグイン方式になっていますので多くの異なった機能を持たせることができます。また**TM500**シリーズを信号源、電源、測定器などいくつかの群にわけることができ、それら同種のプラグインに特定のプラグイン・ホールを割り当てるため、別に位置決めスペーサを挿入することもできます。この位置決めスペーサの追加によって、同種のプラグイン群のみ使用可能なプラグイン・ホールをプログラムすることができます。この方法で**TM501型**を特定の機能にすることができます。位置決めスペーサの部品番号は214-1593-02です。

さらにジャンパ線を使うと内部でインターフェイスすることができます。内部コネクタのA面とB面のピン14~28を使って、インターフェイス・ボードの後側をジャンパ線で接続することによりプラグインの信号を内部でやりとることができます。本マニュアルの**オプション02型**の説明の項をご参照下さい。後部インターフェイスの各ピンのI/Oの割り当てについては各プラグインの取扱説明書をお読み下さい。一旦特殊目的用にジャンパ線を接続したら内部インターフェイス・コネクタに位置決めスペーサを取付けて、ジャンパ線の配線に合わせたプラグインの適合性を保持するようにします。

後部パネル

後部補助パネルはBNCおよびマルチピン・コネクタを取付けるパンチ穴をあけることができます。オプションで最初から穴のあいたものもあります。穴があいていると後から取付けるコネクタや配線で、外部I/O信号をインターフェイス基板に接続するのに便利です(**オプション02型**)。この特長により**TM500**シリーズ総合テストシステムは非常に汎用性の高いシステムとなっています。



1図 機能によるキー割当

オプション02型

オプション02型を指定しますと、インターフェイス・コネクタの後側の14A～28Aおよび14B～28Bのすべてのピンの位置に25ミルの四角いピンが立てられます。これにより付属の角ピン・コネクタ付きワイヤをラジオ・ペンチまたはピンセットを使って簡単に素早く配線したり、変更したりすることができるのでインターフェイスが容易になります。またジャンパ線のハンダ付けの繰返しによるプリント基板の損傷を防ぐことができます。**オプション02型**ではさらに後部パネルにBNCコネクタ3個および50ピンコネクタ1個が取付けられます。これらのコネクタは配線されていませんので、システム設計者が任意に、用途に合わせて配線することができます。ジャンパ線、同軸ケーブル、位置決めスペーサが**オプション02型**には付属しています。

取付けおよび電源投入の手順

後部パネルのマークをチェックして下さい。電源電圧および周波数が、工場出荷時の設定に適合しているならば、プラグインを取付け、底部金具で機器前面を持ち上げて下さい。設定をかえる必要がある場合には、当社フィールド・エンジニアにおたずね下さい。

WARNING

THE FOLLOWING SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY, DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CONTAINED IN OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS YOU ARE QUALIFIED TO DO SO. REFER TO OPERATORS SAFETY SUMMARY AND SERVICE SAFETY SUMMARY PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY SERVICE.



MAINTENANCE

GENERAL

Introduction

This section of the manual is meant to support the entire TM 500 Series family of modules with a general coverage of the most commonly-needed service information pertinent to preventive maintenance, troubleshooting, ordering parts, and replacing components and sub-assemblies.

Cabinet Removal

WARNING

Dangerous potentials exist at several points throughout the system. When the system must be operated with the cabinet removed, do not touch exposed connections or components. Some transistors have voltage present on their cases. Disconnect power before cleaning the system or replacing parts.

Two screws secure the cabinet to the TM 501 frame. Remove them and lift the cabinet straight up. Do not operate the system with the cabinet removed any longer than necessary for troubleshooting and calibration. Reinstall the cabinet to protect the interior from dust and to remove personnel shock hazards.

Cleaning

CAUTION

Avoid using chemical cleaning agents which might damage plastic parts. Avoid chemicals containing benzene, toluene, xylene, acetone, or similar solvents.

Exterior. Loose dust may be removed with a soft cloth or a dry brush. Water and a mild detergent may be used. However, abrasive cleaners should not be used.

Interior. Cleaning the interior of a unit should precede calibration since the cleaning processes could alter the settings of calibration adjustments. Use low-velocity compressed air to blow off accumulated dust. Hardened dirt can be removed with a soft brush, cotton-tipped swab, or a cloth dampened in a solution of water and mild detergent.

Preventive Maintenance

Preventive maintenance steps performed on a regular basis will enhance the reliability of the instrumentation systems. However, periodic checks of the semiconductors in the absence of a malfunction are not recommended as preventive maintenance measures. See the semiconductor checking information under Troubleshooting Techniques which follow. A convenient time to perform preventive maintenance is just before instrument calibration.

Calibration

To ensure accurate signal generation and measurement, the performance of individual units comprising the system should be checked periodically. Refer to the Instruction Manual for each unit for complete calibration and verification procedures.

TROUBLESHOOTING AIDS

Introduction

The following is provided to augment information contained elsewhere in this and other TM 500 series family manuals when troubleshooting becomes necessary.

Circuit Description

Each manual has a section devoted to explaining circuit operating theory. Used with the schematics, this can be a powerful analytic tool.

Diagrams

Block diagrams and detailed circuit schematics are located on foldout pages in the service section of most of the TM 500 Series family manuals. The schematic diagrams show the component values and assigned circuit reference numbers of each part necessary to the circuit design. Usually the first page of the service section defines the circuit symbols and reference designators used in that particular instrument. Major circuits are usually identifiable by a series of component numbers. Important waveforms and voltages may be shown within the diagrams or on adjoining aprons. Those portions of the circuits located on circuit boards are enclosed with a grey tint outline.

Cam Switch Charts

Cam switches shown on the diagrams are coded on charts to located the cam number of the switch contact in the complete switch assembly, counting from the front, or knob end, toward the rear of the switch. The charts also indicate with a solid dot when each contact is closed.

Circuit Board Illustrations

Line illustrations showing component locations keyed with a grid scheme for each circuit board are usually placed on the back of a foldout page and sequenced as close as possible to an associated schematic. The GRID LOC columns, located near the Parts Location Grid, keys each component to easy location on the board.

Component and Wiring Color Codes

Colored stripes or dots on electrical components signify electrical values, tolerances, etc., according to EIA standards. Components not color-coded usually have information printed on the body. The wiring coding follows the same EIA standards with the exception of the ac power cord of the Power Modules. It is coded like this:

Power Cord Conductor Identification

Conductor	Color	Alternate Color
Ungrounded (Line)	Brown	Black
Grounded (Neutral)	Blue	White
Grounding (Earthing)	Green-Yellow	Green-Yellow

Testing Equipment

Generally, a wide-band oscilloscope, a probe, and a multimeter are all that is needed to perform basic waveform and voltage checks for diagnostic purposes. The calibration procedures in the manual for each plug-in module list specific test equipment and the features necessary to adequately check out that particular module.

TROUBLESHOOTING TECHNIQUES

Introduction

This troubleshooting procedure is arranged in an order which checks the simple trouble possibilities before proceeding to extensive troubleshooting.

Control Settings

Incorrect control settings can indicate a trouble that does not exist. If there is any question about the correct function or operation of any control, see the Operating Instructions section of the manual for the instrument involved.

System and Associated Equipment

Before proceeding with troubleshooting the TM 500 Series system, check that the instruments in the system are operating correctly. Check for proper interconnection between the power module and the plug-in modules. Check the line voltage at the power source. Check that the signal is properly connected and that the interconnecting cables and signal source are not defective.

The associated plug-in modules can be checked for proper operation quickly by substituting other like units known to be operating properly. If the trouble persists after substitution, then the power module is probably at fault. Moving a properly operating plug-in from compartment to compartment will help determine if one or more compartments have a problem.

Visual Check

Inspect the portion of the system in which the trouble is suspected. Many troubles can be located by visual clues such as unsoldered connections, broken wires, damaged circuit board, damaged components, etc.

Instrument Calibration

Check the calibration of the suspected plug-in module or the affected circuit if the trouble is obviously in a certain circuit. The trouble may only be a result of misadjustment or may be corrected by re-calibration. Complete calibration instructions are given in the manual for each instrument in the system.

Circuit Isolation

Note the trouble symptoms. These often identify the circuit in which the trouble is located. When trouble symptoms appear in more than one circuit, check the affected circuits by making waveform and voltage measurements.

Incorrect operation of all circuits often means trouble in the power supplies. Using a multimeter, check first for correct voltages of the individual regulated supplies according to the plug-in module schematics and calibration procedures. Then check the unregulated supplies of the power modules. Defective components elsewhere in the instruments can appear as power supply problems. In these instances, suspected circuits should be disconnected from apparently bad power supplies one at a time to narrow the search.

Voltages and Waveforms

Often defective components can be located by using waveform and voltage indications when they appear on

the schematic or in the calibration procedures. Such waveforms and voltage labels are typical indications and will vary between instruments. To obtain operating conditions similar to those used to take these readings, refer to the first diagram in the service sections.

Component Checking

If a component cannot be disconnected from its circuit, then the effects of the associated circuitry must be considered when evaluating the measurement. Except for soldered-in transistors and integrated circuits, most components can be lifted at one end from the circuit board.

Transistors and IC's. Turn the power switch off before removing or replacing any semiconductor.

A good check of transistor operation is actual performance under operating conditions. A transistor can most effectively be checked by substituting a new component for it (or one which has been checked previously). However, be sure that circuit conditions are not such that a replacement transistor might also be damaged. If substitute transistors are not available, use a dynamic tester. Static-type testers are not recommended, since they do not check operation under simulated operating conditions. A suction-type desoldering tool must be used to remove soldered-in transistors; see component replacement procedure for details.

Integrated circuits can be checked with a voltmeter, test oscilloscope, or by direct substitution. A good understanding of the circuit description is essential to troubleshooting circuits using IC's. Operating waveforms, logic levels, and other operating information for the IC's are given in the circuit description information of the appropriate manual. Use care when checking voltages and waveforms around the IC's so that adjacent leads are not shorted together. A convenient means of clipping a test probe to the 14- and 16-pin in-line IC's is with an integrated circuit test clip. This device also doubles as an extraction tool.

Diodes. Do not use an ohmmeter that has a high internal current. High currents may damage the diode.

A diode may be checked for an open or shorted condition by measuring the resistance between terminals. With an ohmmeter scale having an internal source of between 800 mV, and 3 V, the resistance should be very high in one direction and very low when the leads are reversed.

Resistors. Check the resistors with an ohmmeter. Resistor tolerances are given in the Electrical Parts List in

every manual. Resistors do not normally need to be replaced unless the measured value varies widely from the specified value.

Capacitors. A leaky or shorted capacitor can be detected by checking resistance with an ohmmeter on the highest scale. Use an ohmmeter that will not exceed the voltage rating of the capacitor. The resistance reading should be high after initial charge of the capacitor. An open capacitor can best be detected with a capacity meter, or by checking whether it passes ac-signals.

PARTS ORDERING AND REPLACING

Ordering

Obtaining Replacement Parts. Most electrical and mechanical parts can be obtained through your local Tektronix field office or representative. However, you should be able to obtain many of the standard electronic components from a local commercial source in your area. Before you purchase or order a part from a source other than Tektronix Inc., please check the electrical parts list for the proper value, rating, tolerance and description.

Special Parts. Some parts are manufactured or selected by Tektronix, Inc. to satisfy particular requirements, or are manufactured for Tektronix, Inc., to our specifications. Most of the mechanical parts used in this system have been manufactured by Tektronix, Inc. Order all special parts directly from the local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

Ordering Procedure. When ordering replacement parts from Tektronix, Inc., please include the following minimum information:

1. Instrument Type (PS 501, SG 502, DC 501, etc.)
2. Instrument Serial Number (For example, B010251)
3. A description of the part (if electrical include the circuit number)
4. Tektronix part number.

Please do not return any instruments or parts before receiving directions from Tektronix, Inc.

A listing of Tektronix Field Offices, Service Center and Representatives can be found in the Tektronix Product Catalog and Supplements.

Replacing

The exploded view drawings with the Mechanical Parts List, located to the rear of most manuals, may be especially helpful when disassembling or reassembling individual components or sub-assemblies.

Circuit Boards. If a circuit board is damaged beyond repair, either the entire assembly including all soldered-on components, or the board only, can be replaced.

To remove or replace a board, proceed as follows:

1. Disconnect all leads connected to the board (both soldered lead connections and solderless pin connections).
2. Remove all screws holding the board to the chassis or other mounting surface. Some boards may be held fast by plastic mounting clips around the board edges. For these, push the mounting clips away from the circuit board edges to free the board. Also, remove any knobs, etc., that would prevent the board from being lifted out of the instrument.
3. Lift the circuit board out of the unit. Do not force or bend the board.
4. To replace the board, reverse the order of removal. Use care when replacing pin connectors. If forced into place incorrectly positioned, the pin connectors may be damaged.

Transistors and IC's. Transistors and IC's should not be replaced unless they are actually defective. If removed from their sockets during routine maintenance, return them to their original sockets. Unnecessary replacement or switching of semiconductor devices may affect the calibration of the instruments. When a transistor is replaced, check the operation of the part of the instrument that may be affected.

Replacement semiconductors should be of the original type or a direct replacement. Figure 3-1 shows the lead configurations of the semiconductors used in this instrument system. When removing soldered-in transistors, use a suction-type desoldering tool to remove the solder from the holes in the circuit board.

Static-Sensitive Components



Static discharge can damage any semiconductor component in this instrument.

This instrument contains electrical components that are susceptible to damage from static discharge. See Table 3-1 for relative susceptibility of various classes of semiconductors. Static voltages of 1 kV to 30 kV are common in unprotected environments.

Observe the following precautions to avoid damage:

1. Minimize handling of static-sensitive components.
2. Transport and store static-sensitive components or assemblies in their original containers, on a metal rail, or on conductive foam. Label any package that contains static-sensitive assemblies or components.
3. Discharge the static voltage from your body by wearing a wrist strap while handling these components. Servicing static-sensitive assemblies or components should be performed only at a static-free work station by qualified service personnel.
4. Nothing capable of generating or holding a static charge should be allowed on the work station surface.
5. Keep the component leads shorted together whenever possible.
6. Pick up components by the body, never by the leads.
7. Do not slide the components over any surface.
8. Avoid handling components in areas that have a floor or work surface covering capable of generating a static charge.
9. Use a soldering iron that is connected to earth ground.

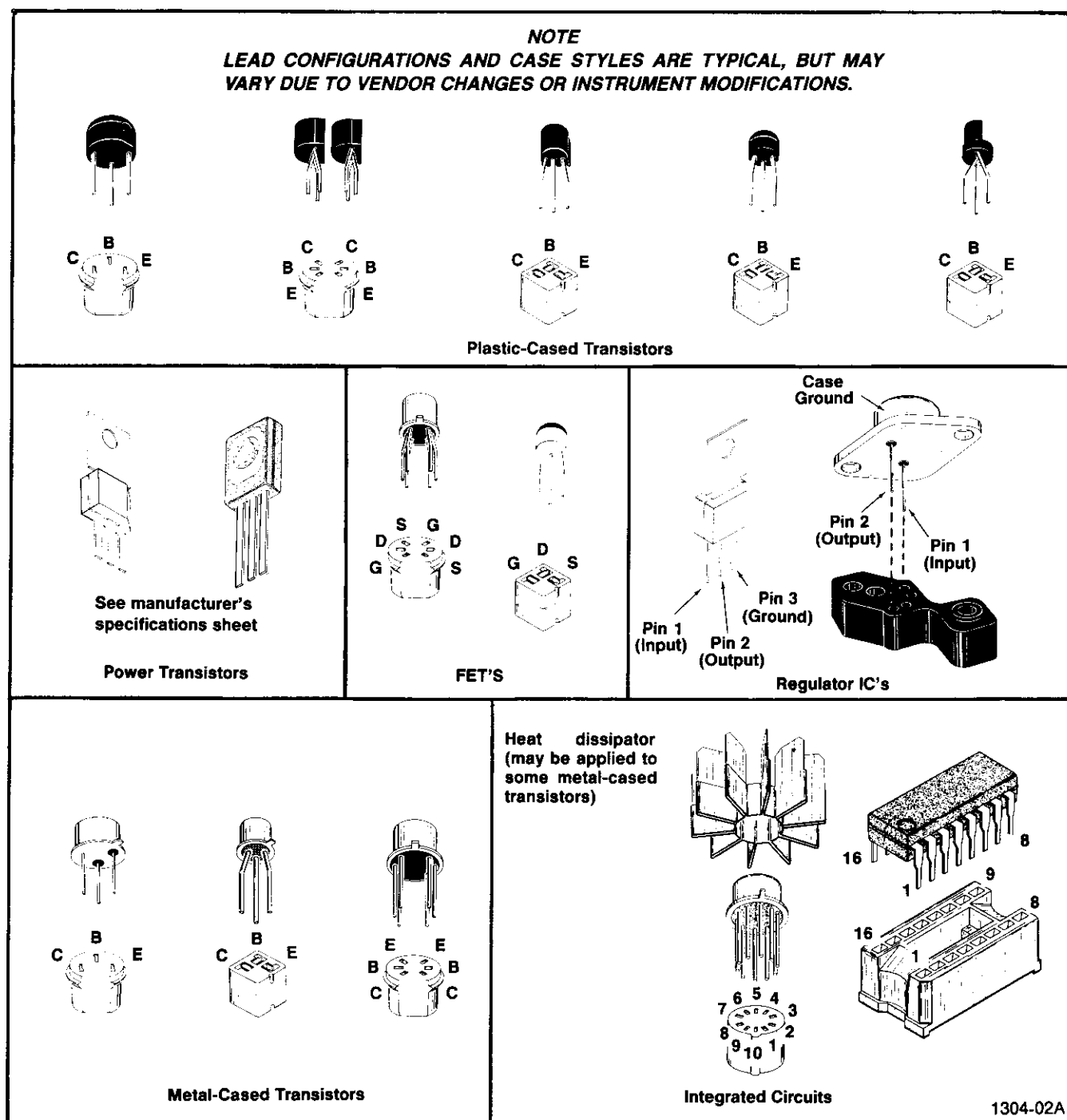


Fig. 3-1. Semiconductor device lead configuration found in the TM 500 family.

10. Use only special antistatic suction type or wick type desoldering tools.

Test Equipment

Before using any test equipment to make measurements on static-sensitive components or assemblies, be certain that any voltage or current supplied by the test equipment does not exceed the limits of the component to be tested.

Table 3-1
RELATIVE SUSCEPTIBILITY TO
STATIC DISCHARGE DAMAGE

Semiconductor Classes	Relative Susceptibility Levels ^a
MOS or CMOS microcircuits or discretes, or linear microcircuits with MOS inputs (Most Sensitive)	1
ECL	2
Schottky signal diodes	3
Schottky TTL	4
High-frequency bipolar transistors	5
JFETs	6
Linear Microcircuits	7
Low-power Schottky TTL	8
TTL (Least Sensitive)	9

^a Voltage equivalent for levels:

1 = 100 to 500 V 4 = 500 V 7 = 400 to 1000 V (est.)
 2 = 200 to 500 V 5 = 400 to 600 V 8 = 900 V
 3 = 250 V 6 = 600 to 800 V 9 = 1200 V

(Voltage discharged from a 100 pF capacitor through a resistance of 100 ohms.)

Interconnecting Pins. To replace a pin that is mounted on a circuit board, first disconnect any pin connectors. Then, unsolder the damaged pin and pull it out of the board with a pair of pliers. Be careful not to damage the wiring on the board with too much heat. Ream out the hole in the circuit board with a 0.031-inch drill. Remove the ferrule from the new interconnecting pin and press the new pin into the hole in the circuit board. Position the pin in the same manner as the old pin and solder it in. If the old pin was bent at an angle to mate with a connector, bend the new pin to match the associated pins.

NOTE

A pin replacement kit including necessary tools, instructions, and replacement pins is available from Tektronix, Inc. Order Tektronix Part No. 040-0542-00.

Cam Switches. Repair of cam-type switches should be undertaken only by experienced maintenance personnel. Switch alignment and spring tension of the contacts must

be carefully maintained for proper operation of the switch. For assistance, contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

NOTE

A cam-type switch repair kit including necessary tools, instructions, and replacement contacts is available from Tektronix, Inc. Order Tektronix Part No. 040-0541-00.

The cam-type switches consist of rotating cam drums which are turned by front-panel knobs, and sets of spring-leaf contacts mounted on adjacent circuit boards. The contacts are actuated by lobes on the cams. These switches can be disassembled for inspection, cleaning, repair, or replacement as follows:

1. Remove the screws which hold the metal cover on the switch, and lift the cover off the switch. The switch is now open for inspection or cleaning.

2. To completely remove a switch from the circuit board, first remove any knobs or shaft extensions. Loosen the coupling at the potentiometer at the rear of the switch, and pull the long shaft out of the switch assembly.

3. Remove the screws (from the opposite side of the circuit board) that holds the cam drum to the board.

4. To remove the cam drum from the front support block, remove the retaining ring from the shaft on the front of the switch and slide the cam drum out of the support block. Be careful not to lose the small detent roller.

5. To replace defective switch contacts, follow the instructions given in the switch repair kit.

6. To re-install the switch assembly, reverse the above procedure.

Pushbutton Switches. The pushbutton switches are not repairable and should be replaced as a unit if defective. Use a suction-type desoldering tool to remove solder from the circuit board when removing these switches.

Incandescent Bulbs. Most of these light bulbs are mounted on the sub-panel using plastic sleeve stand-offs. Unsolder the lead wires and pull the bulb out of the sleeve from the rear of the sub-panel.

Light-Emitting Diodes. LED's used as indicators are mounted on the sub-panels with plastic sleeve sockets similar to the incandescent bulb mountings or they are soldered directly to a sub-assembly and so mounted that they protrude through holes in the panel. In these cases, the sub-assembly must be exposed and the anode and cathode lead orientations carefully noted before unsoldering the defective LED. See Fig. 3-2 for LED lead identifying information.

Power Transformer. Replace the transformer only with a Tektronix direct replacement transformer. Refer to the exploded view drawing at the rear of the Power Module manuals for disassembly of the rear panel to expose the power transformer. Refer to the schematic diagram color-coding information for correct wiring. After replacement check out the power supply voltages before installing a plug-in module.

Option 2

This factory installed option adds 25-mil square pin connectors to the rear of the interconnecting jacks at all pin locations from pins 14A and B. This will keep the interface flexible by making it easy and fast to change customized wiring using prepared wires with square pin receptacles. It also protects the circuit board from damage by repeating soldering and unsoldering of jumper wires. This option also adds six BNC connectors and one 50-pin connector to the rear panel. These connectors are not prewired in order to give a system designer as much flexibility as possible. Instead, prepared jumpers, coax cables, and interconnection jack barriers are included in the TM 501.

System Design Directions.

1. Plan the plug-in location based on the front-panel controls and operator convenience as well as interface connections.

2. Plan the wiring between interconnecting jacks and to the rear panel connectors carefully before starting assembly. A mating rear panel 50-pin connector and cover are provided for external cabling.

NOTE

There are no pin assignments for the rear panel connectors, due to the great variety of possible connections.

When high frequency or fast digital signals are involved, plan the wires so as to minimize crosstalk. Make allowance for the possible need to make auxiliary ground connections.

The 50-pin rear panel connector may be easier to connect if it is removed from the rear panel and remounted after connections are made. Remove the top rear cabinet piece for ease of access.

If more than 50 pins are needed, an AMP HD-22 series connector with 104 pins may be mounted in the same cut out. It is suggested that these parts be obtained directly from AMP Inc., Harrisburg, PA or their distributors. For further application information, contact Tektronix' TM 500 Marketing Group, Beaverton, OR.

3. Pin assignments for individual plug-ins will be found in the appropriate instruction manual.

4. Install an interconnection jack barrier at the appropriate location on the interconnection jack. Refer back to operating instructions for keying assignments for family functions.

5. Select and install the wires (hook-up or coax) following the guidelines in the Wire Use part of these instructions.

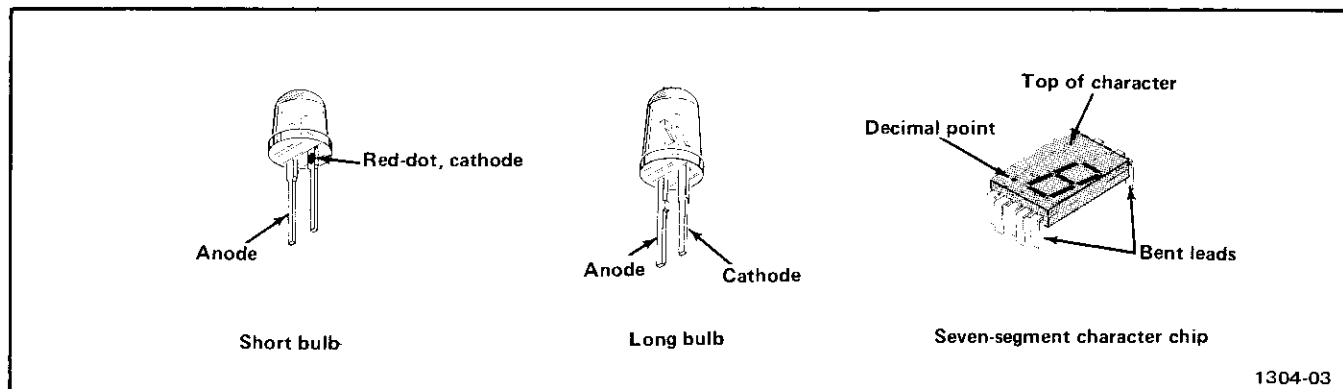


Fig. 3-2. Light emitting diode (LED) lead orientation illustration.

6. Wires or cables which may be at large potential differences should be dressed or bundled so as to avoid contact. Keep all interface wiring away from the TM 506 primary line wiring.

7. There is an empty cut-out which will mount the standard IEC digital interface connector. The connector is not supplied with this option.

Wire Use.

1. Hook up wire with square-pin receptacle on both ends. These may be used for low frequency or dc circuits where impedance levels and crosstalk are not a problem. The wire is supplied in four lengths for connection between compartments (adjacent or nonadjacent) or between a compartment and the rear panel. For connection to the rear panel, cut to length then tin and solder the end going to the rear panel.

2. Coaxial wire with square pin receptacles on both ends. These are used for connections which require shielding or which must maintain a 50 Ω characteristic impedance. The outer conductor should be connected to either chassis ground or circuit ground. Plug-in lines which require coax leads usually have a specified ground pin assignment. If necessary, establish auxiliary ground connections at the appropriate wire ends. The coaxial wire is supplied in four lengths for connection between compartments (adjacent or non-adjacent) or between a compartment and the rear panel. For connection to the rear panel, cut to length then tin and solder the end going to the rear panel.

Packaging Information

A list of standard accessories (and part numbers) is located in the Replaceable Mechanical Parts list.

If the Tektronix instrument is to be shipped to a Tektronix Service Center for service or repair, attach a tag showing owner (with address) and the name of an individual at your firm that can be contacted. Include the complete instrument serial number and a description of the service required.

Save and re-use the package in which your instrument was shipped. If the original packaging is unfit for use or not available, repackage the instrument as follows:

Surround the instrument with polyethylene sheeting to protect the finish of the instrument. Obtain a carton of corrugated cardboard of the correct carton strength and having inside dimensions of no less than 6 inches more than the instrument dimensions. Cushion the instrument by tightly packing 3 inches of dunnage or urethane foam between carton and instrument on all sides. Seal the carton with shipping tape or an industrial stapler.

The carton test strength for this instrument is 200 pounds per square inch.

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

Due to regional variations in the power source line voltage the TM 501 has selectable transformer primary taps. The taps are located on the interface board and are implemented by using the appropriate selector block. See Figs. 3-3, 3-4, and 3-5.

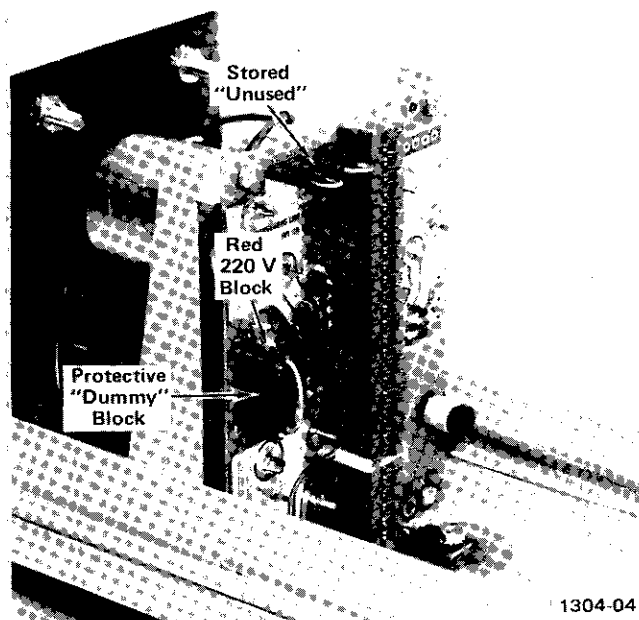


Fig. 3-3. 220 V Selector block in service.

NOTE

On later serial numbers, the selector blocks are located on the back side of the circuit board.

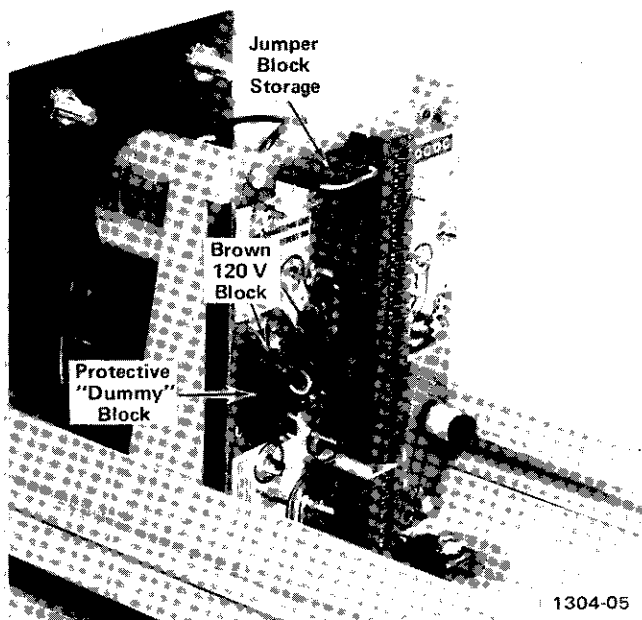


Fig. 3-4. 120 V Selector block in service.

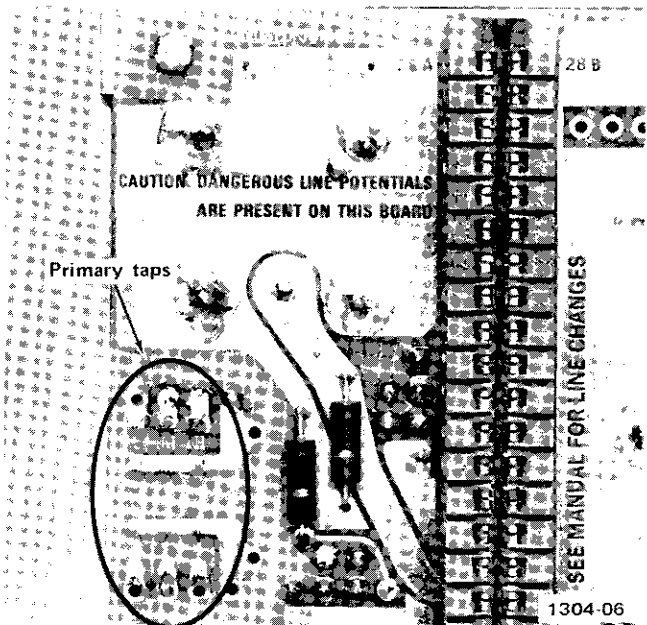


Fig. 3-5. Primary taps locations.

Table 3-2 shows which position the selector block should be in for specific line voltages. The brown selector block should be used for nominal line voltages of 120 V, and the red selector block for 220 V nominal line voltages. For example, if the power source is 120 V nominal and found to be exactly 115 V then the brown selector should be used on the high (H) primary taps.

Table 3-2

**UNIVERSAL TRANSFORMER
(SN B040000 - up)**

Line Selector Block Position	Regulating Ranges	
	120 Volts Nominal	220 Volts Nominal
L	90 VAC to 110 VAC	180 VAC to 220 VAC
M	99 VAC to 121 VAC	198 VAC to 242 VAC
H	108 VAC to 132 VAC	216 VAC to 264 VAC
Line Fuse Data	0.6 Slow-blow	0.3 med-blow

**STANDARD TRANSFORMER
(SN B039999 - below)**

Line Selector Block Position	Regulating Ranges
L Do not use	Internally Disconnected
M (110 V Nominal)	99 VAC to 121 VAC
H (120 V Nominal)	108 VAC to 132 VAC

To determine how the TM 501 is set and if a change is necessary, the following procedure should be used:

1. Determine what the actual line voltage of the power source is and note.
2. Remove the two hold-down screws on the top of the dust cover cabinet and lift off.
3. Locate and determine the position of the line selector block.
4. Using the above noted line voltage and Table 3-2, determine if a change is necessary.
5. If a change is necessary place the selector block on the appropriate taps. If no change is needed go on to the next step.
6. Replace the cabinet and hold-down screws.
7. After completing change record new setting on back panel (see Fig. 3-6).

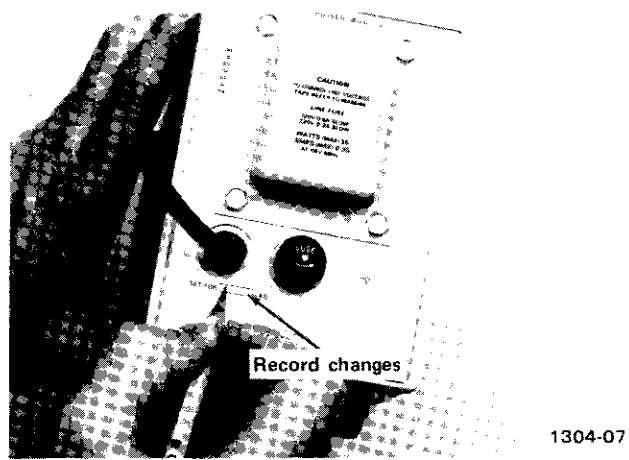


Fig. 3-6. Record line voltage setting.

OPTIONS

Option 2. Information about this option may be found in the following sections:

Section 2 - Operating Instructions

Section 3 - Maintenance

Section 7 - Replaceable Mechanical Parts

Option 7. Information about this option may be found in Section 2 - Operating Instructions.

REPLACEABLE ELECTRICAL PARTS

PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

ABBREVIATIONS

ACTR	ACTUATOR	PLSTC	PLASTIC
ASSY	ASSEMBLY	QTZ	QUARTZ
CAP	CAPACITOR	RECP	RECEPTACLE
CER	CERAMIC	RES	RESISTOR
CKT	CIRCUIT	RF	RADIO FREQUENCY
COMP	COMPOSITION	SEL	SELECTED
CONN	CONNECTOR	SEMICOND	SEMICONDUCTOR
ELCTLT	ELECTROLYTIC	SENS	SENSITIVE
ELEC	ELECTRICAL	VAR	VARIABLE
INCAND	INCANDESCENT	WW	WIREWOUND
LED	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE	XFMR	TRANSFORMER
NONWIR	NON WIREWOUND	XTAL	CRYSTAL

CROSS INDEX—MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

Mfr. Code	Manufacturer	Address	City, State, Zip
01121	ALLEN-BRADLEY COMPANY	1201 2ND STREET SOUTH	MILWAUKEE, WI 53204
03508	GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, SEMI-CONDUCTOR PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT	ELECTRONICS PARK	SYRACUSE, NY 13201
04713	MOTOROLA, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR PROD. DIV.	5005 E MCDOWELL RD, PO BOX 20923	PHOENIX, AZ 85036
14099	SEMTECH CORP.	652 MITCHELL RD.	NEWBURY PARK, CA 91320
56289	SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO.	87 MARSHALL ST.	NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247
71400	BUSSMAN MFG., DIVISION OF MCGRAW-EDISON CO.	2536 W. UNIVERSITY ST.	ST. LOUIS, MO 63107
72982	ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, INC.	644 W. 12TH ST.	ERIE, PA 16512
80009	TEKTRONIX, INC.	P O BOX 500	BEAVERTON, OR 97077
91418	RADIO MATERIALS COMPANY, DIV. OF P.R. MALLORY AND COMPANY, INC.	4242 W BRYN MAWR	CHICAGO, IL 60646
91637	DALE ELECTRONICS, INC.	P. O. BOX 609	COLUMBUS, NE 68601
91929	HONEYWELL, INC., MICRO SWITCH DIV.	CHICAGO & SPRING STS.	FREEPORT, IL 61032
95238	CONTINENTAL CONNECTOR CORP.	34-63 56TH ST.	WOODSIDE, NY 11377

Ckt No.	Tektronix Part No.	Serial/Model No. Eff	Discont	Name & Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A1	670-2023-00			CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE	80009	670-2023-00
A1	670-3404-00			CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE (OPTION 02 ONLY)	80009	670-3404-00
C2	283-0022-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.02UF,1400VDCAC	91418	AU203-Z142-1R0
C10	283-0004-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.02UF,+80-20%,150V	91418	SP203Z151-4R9
C12	290-0577-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:2000UF,50V	56289	68D10504
C22	290-0577-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:2000UF,50V	56289	68D10504
C30	283-0002-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,+80-20%,500V	91418	SM103Z5014R9
C32	283-0002-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,+80-20%,500V	91418	SM103Z5014R9
C35	290-0578-00			CAP.,FXD,ELCTLT:6000UF,12V	56289	68D10429
C40	283-0004-00			CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.02UF,+80-20%,150V	91418	SP203Z151-4R9
CR10	152-0488-00			SEMICONV DEVICE:SILICON,200V,1500MA	04713	3N55 FAMILY
CR30	152-0198-00	B010100	B039999	SEMICONV DEVICE:SILICON,200V,3A	03508	1N5624
CR30	152-0198-02	B040000		SEMICONV DEVICE:SILICON,200V,3A	14099	SS4986
CR32	152-0198-00	B010100	B039999	SEMICONV DEVICE:SILICON,200V,3A	03508	1N5624
CR32	152-0198-02	B040000		SEMICONV DEVICE:SILICON,200V,3A	14099	SS4986
F2	159-0043-00			FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG,0.6A,250V,SLOW-BLOW (FOR 120 VOLT OPERATION)	71400	MDL 6/10
F2	159-0029-00			FUSE,CARTRIDGE:3AG,0.3A,250V,SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220 VOLT OPERATION)	71400	MDL3/10
J10	131-1078-00			CONNECTOR,RCPT,:28/56 CONTACT	95238	600-1156Y25CDF30
Q10	151-0373-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON,PNP	80009	151-0373-00
Q12	151-0349-00			TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM MJE2801	04713	SJE924
R3	308-0704-00			RES.,FXD,WW:8.8 OHM,5%,5W	91637	CW5-8R800J
R12	301-0202-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5%,0.50W	01121	EB2025
R22	301-0202-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5%,0.50W	01121	EB2025
R30	302-0102-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,10%,0.50W	01121	EB1021
R35	315-0511-00			RES.,FXD,CMPSN:510 OHM,5%,0.25W	01121	CB5115
S2	260-1222-00			SWITCH,PUSH-PUL:10A,250VAC	91929	2DM301
T1	120-0790-00	B010100	B039999	XFMR,PWR,STPDN:60HZ	80009	120-0790-00
T1	120-0791-00	B040000	B069999	XFMR,PWR,STPDN:50-400HZ	80009	120-0791-00
T1	120-0791-01	B070000		XFMR,PWR,STPDN:50-400HZ	80009	120-0791-01

DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS

Symbols

Graphic symbols and class designation letters are based on ANSI Standard Y32.2-1975.

Logic symbology is based on ANSI Y32.14-1973 in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

The overline on a signal name indicates that the signal performs its intended function when it is in the low state.

Abbreviations are based on ANSI Y1.1-1972.

Other ANSI standards that are used in the preparation of diagrams by Tektronix, Inc. are:

Y14.15, 1966 Drafting Practices.
Y14.2, 1973 Line Conventions and Lettering.
Y10.5, 1968 Letter Symbols for Quantities Used in Electrical Science and Electrical Engineering.

American National Standard Institute
1430 Broadway
New York, New York 10018

Component Values

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

Capacitors = Values one or greater are in picofarads (pF).

Values less than one are in microfarads (μ F).

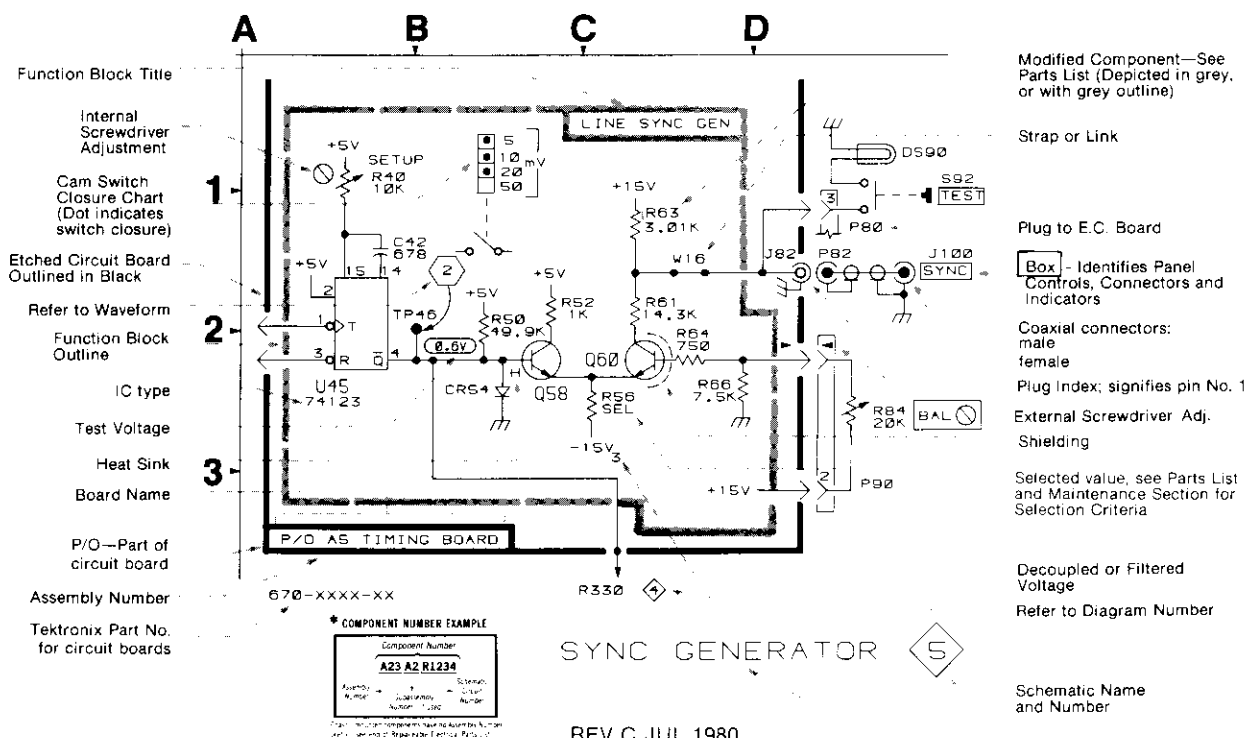
Resistors = Ohms (Ω).

———— The information and special symbols below may appear in this manual. ————

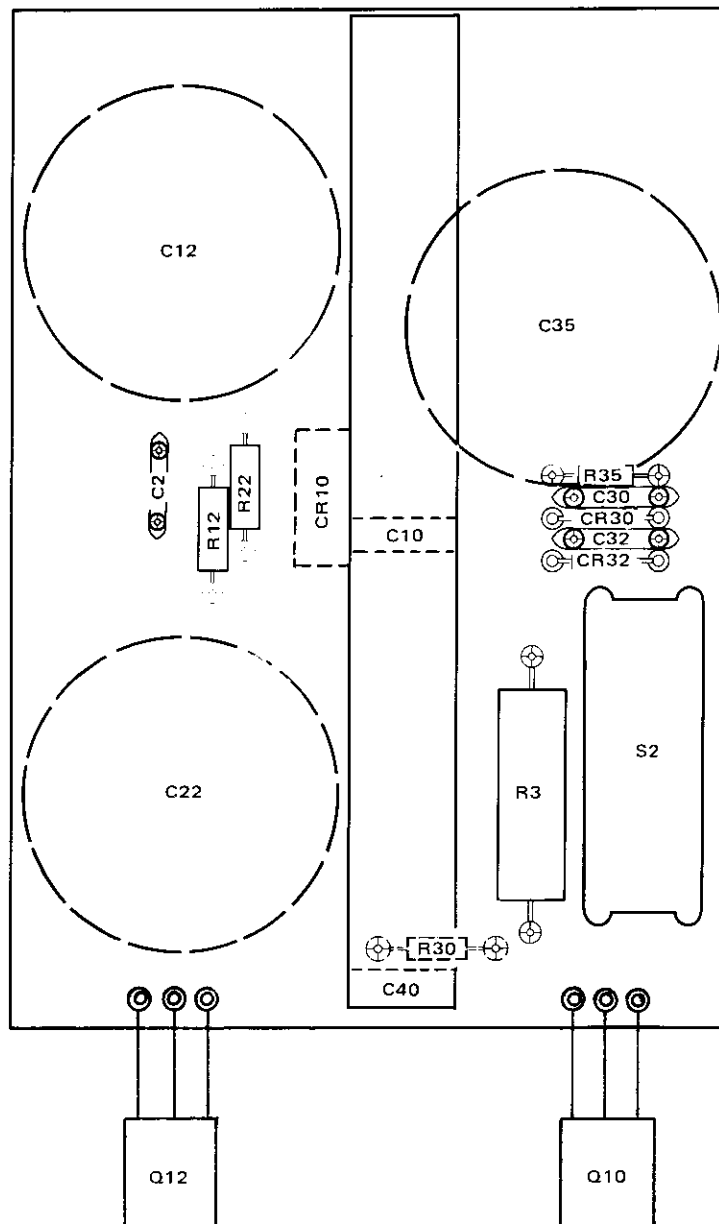
Assembly Numbers and Grid Coordinates

Each assembly in the instrument is assigned an assembly number (e.g., A20). The assembly number appears on the circuit board outline on the diagram, in the title for the circuit board component location illustration, and in the lookup table for the schematic diagram and corresponding component locator illustration. The Replaceable Electrical Parts list is arranged by assemblies in numerical sequence; the components are listed by component number *(see following illustration for constructing a component number).

The schematic diagram and circuit board component location illustration have grids. A lookup table with the grid coordinates is provided for ease of locating the component. Only the components illustrated on the facing diagram are listed in the lookup table. When more than one schematic diagram is used to illustrate the circuitry on a circuit board, the circuit board illustration may only appear opposite the first diagram on which it was illustrated; the lookup table will list the diagram number of other diagrams that the circuitry of the circuit board appears on.



PARTS LOCATION GRID



CKT NO	GRID LOC
C2	A3
C10	C4
C12	B2
C22	B5
C30	D3
C32	D4
C35	C2
C40	C6
CR10	B3
CR30	D3
CR32	D4
Q10	D7
Q12	A7
R3	C5
R12	B3
R22	B3
R30	C6
R35	D3
S2	D5

1304-08

NOTE: COMPONENTS SHOWN WITH DASHED LINES
ARE LOCATED ON BACK SIDE OF BOARD.

REPLACEABLE MECHANICAL PARTS

PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS

Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

1 2 3 4 5 *Name & Description*

Assembly and/or Component

Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component

--- * ---

Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component

Attaching parts for Detail Part

--- * ---

Parts of Detail Part

Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part

--- * ---

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol --- * --- indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

ABBREVIATIONS

#	INCH	ELCTRN	ELECTRON	IN	INCH	SE	SINGLE END
ACTR	NUMBER SIZE	ELEC	ELECTRICAL	INCAND	INCANDESCENT	SECT	SECTION
ADPTR	ACTUATOR	ELCTLT	ELECTROLYTIC	INSUL	INSULATOR	SEMICON	SEMICONDUCTOR
ALIGN	ADAPTER	ELEM	ELEMENT	INTL	INTERNAL	SHLD	SHIELD
AL	ALIGNMENT	EPL	ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST	LPHLDR	LAMPHOLDER	SHLDR	SHOULDERED
ASSEM	ALUMINUM	EQPT	EQUIPMENT	MACH	MACHINE	SKT	SOCKET
ASSY	ASSEMBLED	EXT	EXTERNAL	MECH	MECHANICAL	SL	SLIDE
ATTEN	ASSEMBLY	FIL	FILLISTER HEAD	MTG	MOUNTING	SLFLKG	SELF-LOCKING
AWG	ATTENUATOR	FLEX	FLEXIBLE	NIP	NIPPLE	SLVG	SLEEVING
BD	AMERICAN WIRE GAGE	FLH	FLAT HEAD	NON WIRE	NOT WIRE WOUND	SPR	SPRING
BRKT	BOARD	FLTR	FILTER	OBD	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION	SO	SQUARE
BRS	BRACKET	FR	FRAME or FRONT	OD	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	SST	STAINLESS STEEL
BRZ	BRASS	FSTNR	FASTENER	OVH	OVAL HEAD	STL	STEEL
BSHG	BRONZE	FT	FOOT	PH BRZ	PHOSPHOR BRONZE	SW	SWITCH
CAB	BUSHING	FXD	FIXED	PL	PLAIN or PLATE	T	TUBE
CAP	CABINET	GSKT	GASKET	PLSTC	PLASTIC	TERM	TERMINAL
CER	CAPACITOR	HDL	HANDLE	PN	PART NUMBER	THD	THREAD
CHAS	CERAMIC	HEX	HEXAGON	PNH	PAN HEAD	THK	THICK
CKT	CHASSIS	HEX HD	HEXAGONAL HEAD	PWR	POWER	TNSN	TENSION
COMP	CIRCUIT	HEX SOC	HEXAGONAL SOCKET	RCPT	RECEPTACLE	TPG	TAPPING
CONN	COMPOSITION	HLCPS	HELICAL COMPRESSION	RES	RESISTOR	TRH	TRUSS HEAD
COV	CONNECTOR	HLEXT	HELICAL EXTENSION	RGD	RIGID	V	VOLTAGE
CPLG	COVER	HV	HIGH VOLTAGE	RLF	RELIEF	VAR	VARIABLE
CRT	COUPLING	IC	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT	RTNR	RETAINER	W	WITH
DEG	CATHODE RAY TUBE	ID	INSIDE DIAMETER	SCH	SOCKET HEAD	WSHR	WASHER
DWR	DEGREE	IDNT	IDENTIFICATION	SCOPE	OSCILLOSCOPE	XFMR	TRANSFORMER
	DRAWER	IMPLR	IMPELLER	SCR	SCREW	XSTR	TRANSISTOR

CROSS INDEX—MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

Mfr. Code	Manufacturer	Address	City, State, Zip
000AH	STANDARD PRESSED STEEL CO., UNBRAKO DIV.	8535 DICE ROAD	SANTA FE SPRINGS, CA 90670
000EP	AROW FASTENERS INC.	2112 AMERICAN AVENUE	HAYWARD, CA 94545
00779	AMP, INC.	P O BOX 3608	HARRISBURG, PA 17105
04713	MOTOROLA, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR PROD. DIV.	5005 E MCDOWELL RD, PO BOX 20923	PHOENIX, AZ 85036
07707	USM CORP., USM FASTENER DIV.	510 RIVER RD.	SHELTON, CT 06484
12136	PHILADELPHIA HANDLE COMPANY, INC.	1643 HADDON AVENUE	CAMDEN, NJ 08103
12360	ALBANY PRODUCTS CO., DIV. OF PNEUMO DYNAMICS CORPORATION	145 WOODWARD AVENUE	SOUTH NORWALK, CT 06586
16428	BELDEN CORP.	P. O. BOX 1331	RICHMOND, IN 47374
22526	BERG ELECTRONICS, INC.	YOUK EXPRESSWAY	NEW CUMBERLAND, PA 17070
28520	HEYMAN MFG. CO.	147 N. MICHIGAN AVE.	KENILWORTH, NJ 07033
45722	USM CORP., PARKER-KALON FASTENER DIV.		CAMPBELLSVILLE, KY 42718
70485	ATLANTIC INDIA RUBBER WORKS, INC.	571 W. POLK ST.	CHICAGO, IL 60607
70903	BELDEN CORP.	2000 S BATAVIA AVENUE	GENEVA, IL 60134
73743	FISCHER SPECIAL MFG. CO.	446 MORGAN ST.	CINCINNATI, OH 45206
75915	LITTELFUSE, INC.	800 E. NORTHWEST HWY	DES PLAINES, IL 60016
78189	ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. SHAKEPROOF DIVISION	ST. CHARLES ROAD	ELGIN, IL 60120
78471	TILLEY MFG. CO.	900 INDUSTRIAL RD.	SAN CARLOS, CA 94070
80009	TEKTRONIX, INC.	P O BOX 500	BEAVERTON, OR 97077
83385	CENTRAL SCREW CO.	2530 CRESCENT DR.	BROADVIEW, IL 60153
86445	PENN FIBRE AND SPECIALTY CO., INC.	2032 E. WESTMORELAND ST.	PHILADELPHIA, PA 19134
86928	SEASTROM MFG. COMPANY, INC.	701 SONORA AVENUE	GLENDALE, CA 91201
93907	TEXTRON INC. CAMCAR DIV	600 18TH AVE	ROCKFORD, IL 61101
95238	CONTINENTAL CONNECTOR CORP.	34-63 56TH ST.	WOODSIDE, NY 11377

Fig. & Index No.	Tektronix Part No.	Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont	Qty	1 2 3 4 5	Name & Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
1-1	390-0272-00 390-0272-01	B010100 B059999 B060000	1 1		COVER,PWR SPLY:WRAPAROUND COVER,PWR SPLY:WRAPAROUND (ATTACHING PARTS)	80009 80009	390-0272-00 390-0272-01
-2	211-0622-00		2		SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 X 0.188,TRH,SST,POZ - - - * - - -	12360	OBD
-3	367-0171-00		2		CABINET ASSY INCLUDES: . HANDLE,CARRYING:	12136	845-R-372-140-37
-4	210-0586-00 210-0783-00	B010100 B059999 B060000	2 2		. NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:4-40 X 0.25,STL CD PL . RIVET,BLIND:0.125 OD X 0.357 L,DOMED HEAD	83385 07707	OBD AD 44 ABS
-5	210-0958-00 210-0993-00	B010100 B059999 B060000	2 2		. WASHER,FLAT:0.115 ID X 0.469 INCH OD,STL . WSHR,SHOULDERED:0.143" ID X 0.75" OD,BRS	78471 86928	OBD OBD
-6	210-0012-00 390-0272-00	B010100 B059999X	2 1		. WASHER,LOCK:INTL,0.375 ID X 0.50" OD STL . COVER,PWR SPLY:WRAPAROUND	78189 80009	1220-02-00-0541C 390-0272-00
-7	384-1158-00		1		KNOB:11.293 L X 0.125 OD AL	80009	384-1158-00
-8	376-0127-00		1		COUPLER,SHAFT:PLASTIC	80009	376-0127-00
-9			1		SWITCH,PUSH-PUL:(SEE S2 REPL)		
-10	358-0216-00		1		BUSHING,PLASTIC:0.257 ID X 0.412 INCH OD	80009	358-0216-00
-11	333-1530-00		1		PANEL,FRONT: (ATTACHING PARTS)	80009	333-1530-00
-12	211-0022-00		2		SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.188 INCH,PNH STL - - - * - - -	83385	OBD
-13	351-0334-00 351-0379-01	B010100 B029999 B030000	1 1		GUIDE,PL-IN UNI: GUIDE,PL-IN:UPPER (ATTACHING PARTS)	80009 80009	351-0334-00 351-0379-01
-14	213-0254-00		1		SCREW,TPG,TF:2-32 X 0.250,100 DEG,FLH - - - * - - -	45722	OBD
-15	351-0286-00 351-0286-01 351-0286-02 351-0286-04 351-0286-07	B010100 B019999 B020000 B039999 B040000 B059999 B060000 B082889 B082890	1 1 1 1 1		GUIDE,PL-IN UNI: GUIDE,PL-IN UNI: GUIDE,PL-IN UNI: GUIDE,PL-IN UNI:LOWER,BLACK NYLON GUIDE,PL-IN UNI:LOWER,NYLON (ATTACHING PARTS)	80009 80009 80009 80009 80009	351-0286-00 351-0286-01 351-0286-02 351-0286-04 351-0286-07
-16	211-0101-00 213-0814-00	B010100 B082889 B082890	1 1		SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.25,100 DEG,FLH STL SCREW,TPG,TR:4-20,0.25 L,PLASTITE - - - * - - -	83385 93907	OBD OBD
-17	348-0187-00		4		FOOT,CABINET:0.780 X 1.650 INCH LONG (ATTACHING PARTS)	80009	348-0187-00
-18	211-0551-00		1		SCREW,MACHINE:6-32 X 0.562 INCH,PNH STL - - - * - - -	83385	OBD
-19	348-0026-00		2		HINGE BLOCK,STA:LEFT	80009	348-0026-00
-20	348-0027-00		2		HINGE BLOCK,STA:RIGHT	80009	348-0027-00
-21	348-0303-00		1		STAND,ELEC EQPT:	80009	348-0303-00
-22	131-1018-00 131-1254-01	B010100 B019999 B020000 B075079X	1 1		CONTACT,ELEC:PLUG-IN GROUND CONTACT,ELEC:GROUNDING (ATTACHING PARTS)	80009 80009	131-1018-00 131-1254-01
-23	211-0008-00 210-0586-00	B010100 B075079X B010100 B075079X	1 1		SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.25 INCH,PNH STL NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:4-40 X 0.25,STL CD PL - - - * - - -	83385 83385	OBD OBD
-24			1		CKT BOARD ASSY:INTERFACE(SEE A1 REPL) (ATTACHING PARTS)		
-25	213-0088-00		4		SCR,TPG,THD CTG:4-24 X 0.25 INCH,PNH STL	83385	OBD
-26	211-0012-00 211-0098-00 211-0012-00 211-0098-00	B010100 B077419 B077420 B010100 B078539 B078540	2 2 2 2		SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.375,PNH STL CD PL (STANDARD ONLY) SCR,CAP,SOC HD:4-40 X 0.375 INCH,STL (STANDARD ONLY) SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.375,PNH STL CD PL (OPTION 02 ONLY) SCR,CAP,SOC HD:4-40 X 0.375 INCH,STL (OPTION 02 ONLY)	83385 83385 000AH 83385 000AH	OBD OBD OBD OBD OBD
-27	342-0136-00		2		INSULATOR,WSHR:0.812 OD X 0.0025 INCH THK	04713	OBD
-28	210-0071-00		2		WASHER,SPR TNSN:0.146 ID X 0.323" OD,STL	78189	4706-05-01-0531
-29	210-0586-00 220-0601-00	B010100 B077419 B077420	2 1		NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:4-40 X 0.25,STL CD PL (STANDARD ONLY) NUT,PLAIN,CAP:4-40 X 0.25 INCH HEX,BRS (STANDARD ONLY)	83385 73743	OBD 93261-03

Replaceable Mechanical Parts—TM 501

Fig. & Index No.	Tektronix Part No.	Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont	Qty	1 2 3 4 5	Name & Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
1-	210-0586-00	B010100 B078539	2		NUT, PL, ASSEM WA: 4-40 X 0.25, STL CD PL	83385	OBD
	-----		-		(OPTION 02 ONLY)		
	220-0601-00	B078540	1		NUT, PLAIN, CAP.: 4-40 X 0.25 INCH HEX, BRS	73743	93261-03
	-----		-		(OPTION 02 ONLY)		
					- - - * - - -		
	-----		-		CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES:		
-30	131-0608-00		14		. TERMINAL, PIN: 0.365 L X 0.025 PH BRZ GOLD	22526	47357
-31	131-1078-00		1		. CONNECTOR, RCPT.: 28/56 CONTACT	95238	600-1156Y25GDF30
-32	214-1593-02		1		. KEY, CONN PLZN: CKT BD CONN	80009	214-1593-02
-33	131-1895-00		1		. LINK, TERM. CONN: 8, 22 AWG, 1.5 L	80009	131-1895-00
-34	131-1896-00		1		. LINK, TERM. CONN: 8, 22 AWG, 1.5 L	80009	131-1896-00
-35	-----		1		TRANSFORMER: (SEE T1 REPL)		
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
-36	212-0576-00	B010100 B039999	4		SCREW, MACHINE: 10-32 X 1.375, HEX HD, STL	000EP	OBD
	212-0517-00	B040000	4		SCREW, MACHINE: 10-32 X 1.750 INCH, HEX HD STL	83385	OBD
	210-0812-00	XB052090 B091899	4		WASHER, NONMETAL: #10, FIBER	86445	OBD
	210-0010-00	B091900	4		WASHER, LOCK: INT, 0.20 ID X 0.376" OD, STL	78189	1210-00-00-0541C
	210-0206-00	XB091900	1		TERMINAL, LUG: SE #10	86928	A373-147-1
-37	220-0410-00		4		NUT, EXTENDED WA: 10-32 X 0.375 INCH, STL	83385	OBD
-38	166-0226-00		4		INS SLV, ELEC: 1.125 INCHES LONG	80009	166-0226-00
					- - - * - - -		
-39	200-0379-01		1		COVER, ELEC XFMR:	80009	200-0379-01
-40	210-0201-00		1		TERMINAL, LUG: 0.12 ID, LOCKING, BRZ TIN PL	86928	OBD
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
-41	210-0586-00		1		NUT, PL, ASSEM WA: 4-40 X 0.25, STL CD PL	83385	OBD
					- - - * - - -		
-42	352-0076-00	B010100 B049999	1		FUSEHOLDER: W/HARDWARE	75915	342012-L
	352-0362-00	B050000	1		FUSEHOLDER: W/MOUNTING HARDWARE	75915	345001
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
-43	210-0873-00		1		WASHER, NONMETAL: 0.5 ID X 0.688 INCH OD, NPRN	70485	OBD
					- - - * - - -		
-44	358-0161-00		1		BSHG, STRAIN RLF: FOR 0.50 INCH HOLE, PLASTIC	28520	1147 SR-5P-4
-45	161-0033-04	B010100 B082459	1		CABLE ASSY, PWR:	16428	KH854-2
	161-0033-25	B082460	1		CABLE ASSY, PWR: 3, 18 AWG, 125V, 84.0 L	70903	KH902
	210-0201-00	XB073290	1		TERMINAL, LUG: 0.12 ID, LOCKING, BRZ TIN PL	86928	OBD
					(ATTACHING PARTS)		
	210-0586-00	XB073290	1		NUT, PL, ASSEM WA: 4-40 X 0.25, STL CD PL	83385	OBD
					- - - * - - -		
-46	333-1560-00		1		PANEL, REAR:	80009	333-1560-00
-47	426-0876-00	B010100 B075079	1		FRAME ASSEMBLY: CABINET	80009	426-0876-00
	426-0876-02	B075080	1		FRAME ASSEMBLY: CABINET	80009	426-0876-02
	334-3379-01	XB080730	1		MARKER, IDENT: MARKED GROUND SYMBOL	80009	334-3379-01
	198-2070-00		1		WIRE SET, ELEC:	80009	198-2070-00
	131-2065-00	XB084930	3		. TERM, QIK DISC: 18-22 AWG, BRASS TIN PLATED	00779	2-520181-2

STANDARD ACCESSORIES

Index No.	Tektronix Part No.	Serial/Model No. Eff	No. Dscont	Qty						Name & Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number	
					1	2	3	4	5				
	070-1304-01			1						MANUAL, TECH: INSTRUCTION	80009	070-1304-01	

MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.

A single change may affect several sections. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until all changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear following this page, your manual is correct as printed.

